

A Textron Company

OWNER'S MANUAL ST SPORT II 48V



ELECTRIC POWERED UTILITY VEHICLES

615566

ISSUED SEPTEMBER 2010 REVISED MARCH 2012

WELCOME

Thank you for purchasing this vehicle. Before driving the vehicle, we ask you to spend some time reading this Owner's Guide. This guide contains the information that will assist you in maintaining this highly reliable vehicle. Some illustrations may show items that are optional for your vehicle. This guide covers the operation of several vehicles; therefore, some illustrations may not represent your vehicle. Physical differences in controls will be illustrated.

Most of the service procedures in this guide can be accomplished using common, automotive hand tools. Contact your service representative on servicing the vehicle in accordance with the Periodic Service Schedule.

Service Parts Manuals, as well as Repair and Service Manuals, are available from a local Distributor, an authorized Branch, Genuine E-Z-GO Parts & Accessories Department or at www.shopezgo.com. When ordering parts or requesting information for your vehicle, provide the vehicle model, serial number and manufacturing date code.

The following information i	is needed when	contacting E-Z-	GO concerning se	rvice or parts f	or your vehicle:

Vehicle Model
Serial Number
Manufacturing Date Code



OWNER'S GUIDE

ELECTRIC POWERED UTILITY VEHICLES

ST SPORT II 48 VOLTS

STARTING MODEL YEAR 2011

E-Z-GO Division of TEXTRON Inc. reserves the right to incorporate engineering and design changes to products in this Manual, without obligation to include these changes on units leased/sold previously.

The information contained in this Manual may be revised periodically by the E-Z-GO Division, and therefore is subject to change without notice.

The E-Z-GO Division DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR ERRORS IN THIS MANUAL, and the E-Z-GO Division SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES resulting from the use of the information and materials in this Manual.

These are the original instructions as defined by 2006/42/EC.

TO CONTACT US

NORTH AMERICA:

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE & WARRANTY PHONE: 1-800-774-3946, FAX: 1-800-448-8124 SERVICE PARTS PHONE: 1-888-GET-EZGO (1-888-438-3946), FAX: 1-800-752-6175

INTERNATIONAL:

SALES PHONE: 001-706-798-4311, FAX: 001-706-771-4609

E-Z-GO DIVISION OF TEXTRON INC. 1451 MARVIN GRIFFIN ROAD, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA 30906-3852, USA.

FOREWORD

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

This vehicle has been designed and manufactured in the United States of America (USA). The Standards and Specifications listed in the following text originate in the USA unless otherwise indicated.

The use of non-Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) approved parts may void the warranty.

Overfilling batteries may void the warranty.

BATTERY PROLONGED STORAGE

All batteries will self-discharge over time. The rate of self-discharge varies depending on the ambient temperature and the age and condition of the batteries.

A fully charged battery will not freeze in winter temperatures unless the temperature falls below -75°F (- 60°C).

For winter storage, the batteries must be clean, fully charged and disconnected from any source of electrical drain.

On all electric vehicles, set the key switch to 'OFF'. Make sure that the 'RUN/TOW' switch, located under the passenger seat, is set to 'TOW/MAINTENANCE/STORAGE' position; if the switch is left in the 'RUN' position, it will drain the batteries.

As with all electric vehicles, the batteries must be checked and recharged as required or at a minimum of 30 day intervals.

Page ii Owner's Guide

TABLE OF CONTENTS



TITLE	PAGE NO.
SAFETY INFORMATION SECTION	1
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS SECTION	17
INTRODUCTION SECTION	23
OPERATING PROCEDURES SECTION	31
MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES SECTION	47
REGISTRATION AND WARRANTY	71
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	73
INDEX	INDEX 1

Owner's Guide Page iii



OWNER'S GUIDE

ELECTRIC POWERED UTILITY VEHICLES

ST SPORT II 48 VOLTS

STARTING MODEL YEAR 2011

E-Z-GO Division of TEXTRON Inc. reserves the right to incorporate engineering and design changes to products in this Manual, without obligation to include these changes on units leased/sold previously.

The information contained in this Manual may be revised periodically by the E-Z-GO Division, and therefore is subject to change without notice.

The E-Z-GO Division DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR ERRORS IN THIS MANUAL, and the E-Z-GO Division SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES resulting from the use of the information and materials in this Manual.

These are the original instructions as defined by 2006/42/EC.

TO CONTACT US

NORTH AMERICA:

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE & WARRANTY PHONE: 1-800-774-3946, FAX: 1-800-448-8124 SERVICE PARTS PHONE: 1-888-GET-EZGO (1-888-438-3946), FAX: 1-800-752-6175

INTERNATIONAL:

SALES PHONE: 001-706-798-4311, FAX: 001-706-771-4609

E-Z-GO DIVISION OF TEXTRON INC. 1451 MARVIN GRIFFIN ROAD, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA 30906-3852, USA.



TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR SAFETY INFORMATION SECTION

TITLE	PAGE NO
SAFETY	3
NOTICES, CAUTIONS, WARNINGS, AND DANGERS	3
GENERAL	4
GENERAL OPERATION	
MAINTENANCE	5
VENTILATION	6
GENERAL SAFETY PRACTICES	6
OPERATING SAFETY RULES AND PRACTICES	
MAINTENANCE PRACTICES	10
LABELS AND PICTOGRAMS	12

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:		
-		

Page 2 Owner's Guide

SAFETY

For any questions on material contained in this manual, contact an authorized representative for clarification.

Read and understand all labels located on the vehicle. Always replace any damaged or missing labels.

On steep hills it is possible for vehicles to coast at greater than normal speeds encountered on a flat surface. To prevent loss of vehicle control and possible serious injury, speeds should be limited to no more than the maximum speed on level ground. See GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS. Limit speed by applying the service brake.

Catastrophic damage to the drivetrain components due to excessive speed may result from driving the vehicle above specified speed. Damage caused by excessive speed may cause a loss of vehicle control, is costly, is considered abuse and will not be covered under warranty.

Use extra caution when towing the vehicle(s). Do not tow a single vehicle at speeds in excess of 12 mph (19 kph). Do not tow more than three vehicles at a time. Do not exceed 5 mph (8 kph) while towing multiple vehicles. Towing the vehicle at above the recommended speed may result in personal injury and/or damage to the vehicle and other property. Vehicles equipped with the AC Drive motor must be towed with the Run-Tow switch, located under the passenger seat, in the 'Tow' position.

If the vehicle is to be used in a commercial environment, signs similar to the ones illustrated should be used to warn of situations that could result in an unsafe condition.















Observe these **NOTICES**, **CAUTIONS**, **WARNINGS** and **DANGERS**; be aware that servicing a vehicle requires mechanical skill and a regard for conditions that could be hazardous. Improper service or repair may damage the vehicle or render it unsafe.

NOTICES, CAUTIONS, WARNINGS, AND DANGERS

Throughout this guide **NOTICE**, **CAUTION**, **WARNING**, and **DANGER** will be used. Please observe these **NOTICES**, **CAUTIONS**, **WARNINGS**, and **DANGERS**; be aware that servicing a vehicle requires mechanical skill and a regard for conditions that could be hazardous. Improper service or repair may damage the vehicle or render it unsafe.

NOTICE

Address practices not related to personal injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

This manual has been designed to assist in maintaining the vehicle in accordance with procedures developed by the manufacturer. Adherence to these procedures and troubleshooting tips will ensure the best possible service from the product. To reduce the chance of personal injury or property damage, the following must be carefully observed:

A CAUTION

Certain replacement parts can be used independently and/or in combination with other accessories to modify an E-Z-GO-manufactured vehicle to operate at or in excess of 20 mph. When an E-Z-GO-manufactured vehicle is modified an any way by the Distributor, Dealer or customer to operate at or in excess of 20 mph, UNDER FEDERAL LAW the modified product will be a Low Speed Vehicle (LSV) subject to the strictures and requirements of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 571.500. In these instances, pursuant to Federal law the Distributor or Dealer MUST equip the product with headlights, rear lights, turn signals, seat belts, top, horn and all other modifications for LSV's mandated in FMVSS 571.500, and affix a Vehicle Identification Number to the product in accordance with the requirements of FMVSS 571.565. Pursuant to FMVSS 571.500, and in accordance with the State laws applicable in the places of sale and use of the product, the Distributor, Dealer or customer modifying the vehicle also will be the Final Vehicle Manufacturer for the LSV, and required to title or register the vehicle as mandated by State law.

E-Z-GO will NOT approve Distributor, Dealer or customer modifications converting E-Z-GO products into LSV's.

The Company recommends that all E-Z-GO products sold as personal transportation vehicles BE OPERATED ONLY BY PERSONS WITH VALID DRIVERS LICENSES, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE REQUIREMENTS. This restriction is important to the SAFE USE AND OPERATION of the product.

All customers should adhere to this SAFETY RESTRICTION, in connection with the use of all E-Z-GO products, new and used, the Distributor or Dealer has reason to believe may be operated in personal transportation applications.

Information on FMVSS 571.500 can be obtained at Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, section 571.500, or through the Internet at the website for the U.S. Department of Transportation - at Dockets and Regulation, then to Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (Transportation)

GENERAL

All vehicles can be used for a variety of tasks beyond the original intended use of the vehicle; therefore, it is impossible to anticipate and warn against every possible combination of circumstances that may occur. No warning can take replace good common sense and prudent driving practices.

Good common sense and prudent driving practices do more to prevent accidents and injury than all of the warnings and instructions combined. E-Z-GO strongly suggests that all users and maintenance personnel read this entire manual paying particular attention to the CAUTIONS, WARNINGS and DANGERS contained therein.

If you have any questions regarding this vehicle, contact your E-Z-GO dealer or write to the address on the back cover of this publication, Attention: Customer Care Department.

E-Z-GO reserves the right to make design changes without obligation to make these changes on units previously sold. The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice.

E-Z-GO IS NOT LIABLE FOR ERRORS IN THIS MANUAL. E-Z-GO IS NOT LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES THAT RESULT FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL IN THIS MANUAL.

This vehicle conforms to the current applicable standard(s) for safety and performance requirements.

These vehicles are designed and manufactured for off-road use. They DO NOT conform to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards of the United States of America (USA) and are not equipped for operation on public streets. Some communities may permit these vehicles to be operated on their streets on a limited basis and in accordance with local ordinances.

With electric powered vehicles, be sure that all electrical accessories are grounded directly to the battery (-) post. **Never use** the chassis or body as a ground connection.

Refer to GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS for vehicle seating capacity.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Never modify the vehicle in any way that will alter the weight distribution of the vehicle, decrease its stability or increase the speed or extend the stopping distance beyond the factory specification. Such modifications can result in serious personal injury or death.

Do not make any such modifications or changes. E-Z-GO prohibits and disclaims responsibility for all such modifications or and alterations which would adversely affect the safety of the vehicle.

Vehicles that are capable of higher speeds must limit their speed to no more than the speed of other vehicles when used in a golf course environment. Additionally, speed should be further moderated by the environmental conditions, terrain and common sense.

Operation of the vehicle is limited to persons above the height of 59 inches (150 cm).

GENERAL OPERATION

ALWAYS:

- use the vehicle in a responsible manner and maintain the vehicle in safe operating condition
- read and observe all warnings and operation instruction labels affixed to the vehicle
- follow all safety rules established in the area where the vehicle is being operated
- Leave the vehicle when there is a risk of lightning.
- · reduce speed to compensate for poor terrain or conditions
- apply service brake to control speed on steep grades
- · maintain adequate distance between vehicles
- · reduce speed in wet areas
- · use extreme caution when approaching sharp or blind turns
- · use extreme caution when driving over loose terrain
- use extreme caution in areas where pedestrians are present

MAINTENANCE

ALWAYS:

- · replace damaged or missing warning, caution or information labels
- maintain the vehicle in accordance with the manufacturer's periodic service schedule
- ensure that repairs are performed by trained and qualified personnel
- follow the manufacturer's maintenance procedures
- insulate any tools used within the battery area in order to prevent sparks or battery explosion
- check the polarity of each battery terminal and be sure to rewire the batteries correctly
- use specified replacement parts, NEVER use replacement parts of lesser quality
- · use recommended tools
- determine that tools and procedures not specifically recommended by the manufacturer will not compromise the safety
 of personnel nor jeopardize the safe operation of the vehicle
- support the vehicle using wheel chocks and jack stands, NEVER get under a vehicle that is supported by a jack, lift the
 vehicle in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions
- maintain the vehicle in an area away from exposed flame or persons who are smoking
- · be aware that a vehicle that is not performing as designed is a potential hazard and must not be operated
- test drive the vehicle after any repairs or maintenance in a safe area that is free of both vehicular and pedestrian traffic
- keep complete records of the maintenance history of the vehicle

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

The manufacturer cannot anticipate all situations, therefore people attempting to maintain or repair the vehicle must have the skill and experience to recognize and protect themselves from potential situations that could result in severe personal injury or death and damage to the vehicle. Use extreme caution and, if unsure as to the potential for injury, refer the repair or maintenance to a qualified mechanic.

VENTILATION

Hydrogen gas is generated in the charging cycle of batteries and is explosive in concentrations as low as 4%. Because hydrogen gas is lighter than air, it will collect in the ceiling of buildings necessitating proper ventilation. Five air exchanges per hour is considered the minimum requirement.

NEVER charge a vehicle in an area that is subject to flame or spark. Pay particular attention to natural gas or propane water heaters and furnaces.

Always use a dedicated circuit for each battery charger. Do not permit other appliances to be plugged into the receptacle when the charger is in operation.

Chargers must be installed and operated in accordance with charger manufacturers recommendations or applicable electrical code (whichever is higher).

The following text is provided as recommended by part II of ANSI/ITSDF B56.8 - 2005. The manufacturer strongly endorses the contents of this specification.

1 GENERAL SAFETY PRACTICES

1.1 Introduction

- **1.1.1** Like other machines, carriers can cause injury if improperly used or maintained. Part II contains broad safety practices applicable to carrier operation. Before operation, the user shall establish such additional specific safety practices as may reasonably be required for safe operation.
- **1.1.2** Premise review The user shall periodically review their premises, and as conditions warrant, identify areas where carriers should not be operated and to identify possible hazards such as the following examples:
 - a) Steep Grade In areas where steep grades exist, carrier operation should be restricted to the designated vehicle's pathways where possible, and shall be identified with a suitable warning giving the following information: "Warning, steep grade."
 - b) Wet Areas Wet areas could cause a carrier to lose traction and could affect steering, stability and braking.
 - c) Sharp Turns, Blind Spots, Bridge Approaches Sharp turns, blind spots, bridge approaches, and other potentially hazardous areas shall be identified with a suitable warning to the operator of the nature of the hazard and stating the proper precautions to be taken to avoid the hazard.
 - d) Loose Terrain Loose terrain could cause a carrier to lose traction and could affect steering, stability, and braking.

1.2 Operation

Experience has shown that carriers, which comply with the provisions, stated in paragraph 9.3.9 are stable when properly operated and when operated in accordance with specific safety rules and practices established to meet actual operating terrain and conditions. However, improper operation, faulty maintenance, or poor housekeeping may contribute to a condition of instability and defeat the purpose of the standard. Some of the conditions which may affect stability are failure of the user to follow safety practices; also, ground and floor conditions, grade, speed, loading, the operation of the carrier with improper loads, battery weight, dynamic and static forces, and the judgment exercised by the carrier operator.

a) The user shall train carrier operators to adhere strictly to the operating instructions stated in this Standard.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

b) The user shall survey specific operating conditions and environment, and establish and train carrier operators to comply with additional, specific safety practices.

1.3 Nameplates, Markings, Capacity, and Modifications

- **1.3.1** The user shall maintain in a legible condition all nameplates, warnings, and instructions, which are supplied by the manufacturer.
- **1.3.2** Except as provided in 6.3.4, no modifications or alterations to a carrier, which may affect the capacity, stability, or safe operation of the carrier, shall be made without the prior written approval of the original carrier manufacturer or a successor thereof. When the carrier manufacturer or its successor approves a modification or alteration, appropriate changes shall be made to capacity plates, decals, tags, and operation and maintenance manuals
- **1.3.3** As required under paragraphs 6.3.1 or 6.3.2, the manufacturer shall be contacted to secure new nameplates, warnings, or instructions, which shall then be affixed in their proper place on the carrier.
- **1.3.4** In the event that the carrier manufacturer is no longer in business and there is no successor in interest to the business, the user may arrange for a modification or alteration to a carrier, provided however, the controlling party shall:
 - (1) Arrange for the modification or alteration to be designed, tested, and implemented by an engineer(s) expert in carrier(s) and their safety;
 - (2) Maintain a permanent record of the design, test(s), and implementation of the modification or alteration;
 - (3) Make appropriate changes to the capacity plate(s), decals, tags, and operation and maintenance manuals;
 - (4) Affix a permanent and readily visible label on the carrier stating the manner in which the carrier has been modified or altered together with the date of the modification or alteration, and the name of the organization that accomplished the tasks.

1.4 Fuel Handling and Storage

- **1.4.1** The user shall supervise the storage and handling of liquid fuels (when used) to be certain that it is in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 505 and ANSI/NFPA 30 or as required by local ordinance.
- **1.4.2** Storage and handing of liquefied petroleum gas fuels shall be in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 505 and ANSI/NFPA 58 or as required by local ordinance. If such storage or handling is not in compliance with these standards, the user shall prevent the carrier from being used until such storage and handling is in compliance with these standards.
- **1.43** Prevent fire and explosion caused by static electric discharge. Use only non-metal, portable fuel containers approved by the Underwriter's Laboratory (U.L.) or the American Society for Testing & Materials (ASTM). If using a funnel, make sure it is plastic and has no screen or filter.

Static electric discharge can ignite gasoline vapors in an ungrounded fuel container. Remove the fuel container from the bed of a carrier or the trunk of a car ban place on the ground away from the carrier before filling. Keep nozzle in contact with container opening while filling. When practical, remove equipment from trailers or truck beds and re-fuel them on the ground. If this is not possible, use a portable, plastic fuel container to refuel equipment on a truck bed or trailer.

1.5 Changing and Charging Storage Batteries for Electric Personnel and Burden Carriers

- **1.5.1** The user shall require battery changing and charging facilities and procedures to be in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 505 or as required by local ordinance.
- **1.5.2** The user shall periodically inspect facilities and review procedures to be certain that ANSI/NFPA 505 or as required by local ordinance, are strictly complied with, and shall familiarize carrier operators with it.
- **1.5.3** Maintenance and storage areas for carriers shall be properly ventilated to avoid fire hazards in accordance with applicable fire codes and ordinances.

Ventilation for internal combustion engine powered carriers shall be provided to remove flammable vapors (gases), fumes and other flammable materials. Consult applicable fire codes for specific levels of ventilation.

Ventilation for electric powered carriers shall be provided to remove the accumulation of flammable hydrogen gas emitted during the battery charging process. The amount of hydrogen gas emitted depends upon a number of factors such as the condition of the batteries, the output rate of the battery charger and the amount of time the batteries are on charge. Because of the highly volatile nature of hydrogen gas and its propensity to accumulate in pockets, a minimum number of air changes per hour is required during charging.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Consult applicable fire and safety codes for the specific ventilation levels required as well as the use of explosion proof electrical apparatus. SAE J1718 can be followed to check for hydrogen gas levels.

1.6 Hazardous Locations

- **1.6.1** The user shall determine the hazard classification of the particular atmosphere or location in which the carrier is to be use in the accordance with ANSI/NFPA 505.
 - 1.6.2 The user shall permit in hazardous areas only those carriers approved and of the type required by ANSI/NFPA 505.

1.7 Lighting for Operating Area

The user, in accordance with his responsibility to survey the environment and operating conditions, shall determine if the carrier requires lights and, if so, shall equip the carrier with appropriate lights.

1.8 Control of Noxious Gases and Fumes

When equipment powered by internal combustion engines is used in enclosed areas, the atmosphere shall be maintained within limits specified in the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists publication,:Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents in the Workroom Environment." This may be accomplished by ventilation maintenance of emission control equipment recommended or provided by the manufacturer of the equipment.

1.9 Warning Device(s)

- **1.9.1** The user shall make periodic inspections of the carrier to be certain that the sound-producing and/or visual device(s) if so equipped are maintained in good operating condition.
- **1.9.2** The user shall determine if operating conditions require the carrier to be equipped with additional sound-producing or visual devices or both and be responsible for providing and maintaining such devices, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

1.10 Safety Interlocks

The user shall make periodic inspections of the carrier to be certain that the safety interlock system, if so equipped, is operating properly.

2 OPERATING SAFETY RULES AND PRACTICES

2.1 Personnel and Burden Carrier Operator Qualifications

Only persons whoa are trained in the proper operation of the carrier shall be authorized to operate the carrier. Operators shall be qualified as to visual, auditory, physical, and mental ability to safely operate the equipment according to Section 7, all other applicable parts of this Standard and the operators' manual.

2.2 Personnel and Burden Carrier Operators' Training

- **2.2.1** The user shall conduct an operators' training program.
- **2.2.2** Successful completion of the operators' training program by the operator shall be required before operation of the carrier. The program shall be presented in its entirely to all-new operators and not condensed for those claiming previous experience.
 - 2.2.3 The user shall include as a minimum in the operators' training program the following.
 - a) Instructional material provided by the manufacturer including the operators; manual;
 - b) Emphasis on safety of passengers, material loads, carrier operator, and other person(s);
 - c) General safety rules contained within this Standard and the additional specific rules determined by the user in accordance with this Standard, and why they were formulated;
 - d) Introduction of equipment, control locations of the environment which could affect carrier operation;
 - e) Operator competency evaluations.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

2.3 Personnel and Burden Carrier Operator Responsibility

2.3.1 General Operator Responsibility

- **2.3.1.1** Read and follow operators' manual
- **2.3.1.2** Do not operate carrier under the influence of drugs and alcohol.
- **2.3.1.3** Safeguard the pedestrians at all times. Do not drive carrier in a manner that would endanger other persons.
- **2.3.1.4** Riding on the carrier by persons other than the operator is authorized only on personnel seat(s) provided by the manufacturer. All parts of each person's body shall remain within the plan view outline of the carrier.
- **2.3.1.5** When a carrier is to be left unattended, stop the carrier, apply the parking brake, stop the engine or turn off power, turn off the control or ignition circuit, and remove the key if provided. Additionally, for the electric carriers, the forward and reverse directional controls, should be neutralized if a means is provided. Block the wheels if the carrier is on a n incline.
- **2.3.1.6** A carrier is considered unattended when the operator is 7.6m (25 ft.) or more from the carrier which remains in his view, or whenever the operator leaves the carrier and it is not within his view. When the operator is dismounted and within 7.6m (25 ft.) of the carrier still in his view, he still must have controls neutralized, and the parking brake(s) set to prevent movement.
 - **2.3.1.7** Maintain a safe distance from potential hazards, such as edges of ramps and platforms.
 - **2.3.1.8** Use only approved carriers in hazardous locations, as defined in the appropriate safety standards.
 - 2.3.1.9 Report all accidents to the user.
 - **2.3.1.10** Do not add to, or modify, the carrier.
- **2.3.1.11** Carriers shall not be parked or left unattended such that they block or obstruct fire aisles, access to stairways, or fire equipment.

2.3.2 Traveling

- **2.3.2.1** Only operate carrier while within operator's station.
- **2.3.2.2** Observe all traffic regulations, including authorized speed limits. Under normal traffic conditions keep to the right. Maintain a safe distance, based on speed of travel, from a carrier or vehicle ahead, and keep the carrier under control at all times.
- **2.3.2.3** Yield the right of way to pedestrians, ambulances, fire trucks, or other carriers or vehicles in emergency situations.
- **2.3.2.4** Do not pass another carrier or vehicle traveling in the same direction at intersections, blind spots, or at other dangerous locations.
 - 2.3.2.5 Keep a clear view of the path of travel, observe other traffic and personnel, and maintain a safe clearance.
- **2.3.2.6** Slow down or stop, as conditions dictate, and activate the sound-producing warning device at cross aisles and when visibility is obstructed at other locations.
 - 2.3.2.7 Ascend or descend grades slowly.
 - 2.3.2.8 Avoid turning, if possible, and use caution on grades, ramps, or inclines, normally travel straight up and down.
- **2.3.2.9** Under all travel conditions the carrier shall be operated at a speed that will permit it to be brought to a stop in a safe manner.
- **2.3.2.10** Make starts, stops, turns, or direction reversals in a smooth manner so as not to shift the load, endanger passengers, or lose control of the carrier.
 - **2.3.2.11** Do not operate carrier in a dangerous manner.
 - 2.3.2.12 Slow down when approaching, or on, wet or slippery surfaces.
- **2.3.2.13** Do not drive carrier onto any elevator unless specifically authorized to do so. Approach elevators slowly, and then enter squarely after the elevator car is properly leveled. Once on the elevator, neutralize the controls, shut off power, and set parking brakes. It is advisable that all other personnel leave the elevator before a carrier is allowed to enter or exit.
 - **2.3.2.14** Avoid running over loose objects, potholes, and bumps.
 - **2.3.2.15** Reduce carrier speed to negotiate turns.
 - 2.3.2.16 Avoid any action verbal or physical by an operator or passenger, which could cause the operator to be distracted.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

2.3.3 Loading

- **2.3.3.1** Refer to operators' manual for loading instruction.
- **2.3.3.2** Handle only stable and safely arranged loads. When handling off-center loads, which cannot be centered, operate with extra caution.
 - 2.3.3.3 Handle only loads within the capacity of each cargo area of the carrier as specified by the manufacturer.
 - **2.3.3.4** Avoid material loads exceeding the physical dimensions of the carrier or as specified by the carrier manufacturer.

2.3.4 Operator Care of Personnel and Burden Carriers

- 2.3.4.1 Read and follow operators' manual.
- **2.3.4.2** At the beginning of each shift during which the carrier will be used, the operator shall check the carrier condition and inspect the tires, warning devices, lights, battery(s), speed and directional controllers, brakes, safety interlocks, and steering mechanism. If the carrier is found to be in need of repair, or in any way unsafe, the matter shall be reported immediately to the user and the carrier shall not be operated until it has been restored to safe operating condition.
- **2.3.4.3** If during operation the carrier becomes unsafe in any way, the matter shall be reported immediately to the user, and the carrier shall not be operated until it has been restored to safe operating condition.
 - 2.3.4.4 Do not make repairs or adjustments unless specifically trained and authorized to do so.
- **2.3.4.5** Before refueling, the engine shall be stopped and allowed to cool. The operator and passengers shall leave the carrier before refueling.
- **2.3.4.6** Spillage of hazardous materials shall be contained immediately and addressed via appropriate hazardous materials regulations.
- **2.3.4.7** Do not operate a carrier with a leak in the fuel system or battery(s). Battery(s) shall be charged and serviced per manufacturer's instructions.
 - **2.3.4.8** Do not use open flames for checking electrolyte level in storage battery(s) or liquid level in fuel tanks.

3 MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

3.1 Introduction

Carriers may become hazardous if maintenance is neglected. Maintenance facilities, trained personnel, and procedures shall be provided. Such facilities may be on or off the premises.

3.2 Maintenance Procedures

Maintenance and inspection of all carriers shall be performed in conformance with the following practices and should follow the manufacturer's recommendations.

- a) A scheduled preventive maintenance, lubrication, and inspection system shall be followed.
- b) Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to maintain, repair, adjust, and inspect carriers.
- c) Before undertaking maintenance or repair follow the manufacturer's recommendations for immobilizing the carrier.
- d) Chock wheels and support carrier, before working underneath it.
- **e)** Before disconnecting any part of the engine fuel system, be sure the shutoff valve, if so equipped, is closed and follow carrier manufacturer's recommended practice.
- f) Operation to check performance of the carrier shall be conducted in an authorized area where suitable conditions exist, free of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- **g)** Before returning carrier to service, follow the manufacturer's instructions and recommended procedure.
- **h)** Avoid fire hazards and have fire protection equipment present in the work area. Do not use an open flame to check level or leakage of fuel, battery electrolyte, or coolant.
- i) Properly ventilate the work area in accordance with applicable regulations or local ordinance.
- j) Handle fuel cylinders with care. Physical damage, such as dents, scrapes, or gouges, may dangerously weaken the tank and make it unsafe for use.
- **k)** Brakes, steering mechanisms, speed and directional control mechanisms, warning devices, lights, governors, guards, and safety devices shall be inspected regularly and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

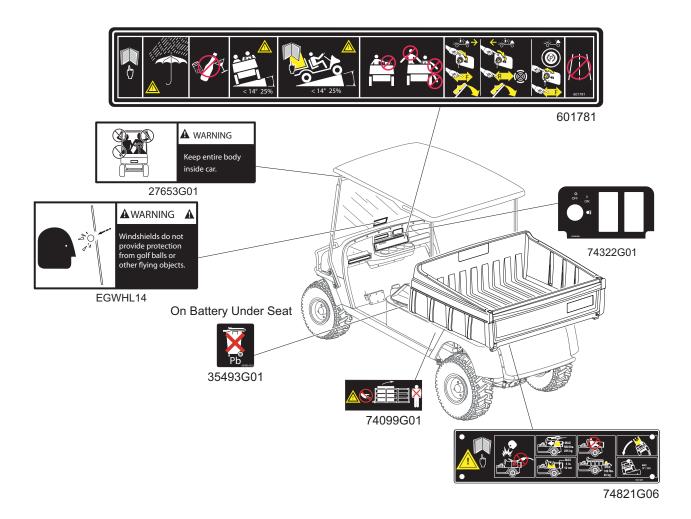
Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

- I) Special carriers or devices designed and approved for hazardous area operation shall be inspected to ensure that maintenance preserves the original approved safe operating features.
- **m)** Fuel systems shall be checked for leaks and condition of parts. If a leak is found, action shall be taken to prevent the use to the carrier until the cause of the leak has been repaired.
- n) The carrier manufacturer's capacity, operation, and maintenance instruction plated, tags, or decals shall be maintained in legible condition.
- **o)** Batteries, motors, speed and directional controllers, limit switches, protective devices, electrical conductors/insulators, and connections shall be inspected and maintained per carrier manufacturer's recommendation.
- **p)** Carriers shall be kept in a clean condition to minimize hazards and facilitate detection of components needing service.
- **q)** Modifications and additions which affect capacity and safe carrier operation shall not be performed without manufacturer's prior written authorization; where authorized modifications have been made, the user shall ensure that capacity, operation, warning, and maintenance instruction plates, tags, or safety labels are changed accordingly.
- r) Care shall be taken to ensure that all replacement parts are interchangeable with the original parts and of a quality at least equal to that provided in the original equipment.
- s) Disconnect batteries, negative connection(s) first. When reconnecting, connect positive connection first.
- t) Hydraulic systems, if so equipped, shall be checked for leaks, for condition of parts. Keep body and hands away from pin-holes or nozzles that eject fluids under high pressure. Use paper or cardboard, not hands, to check for leaks.

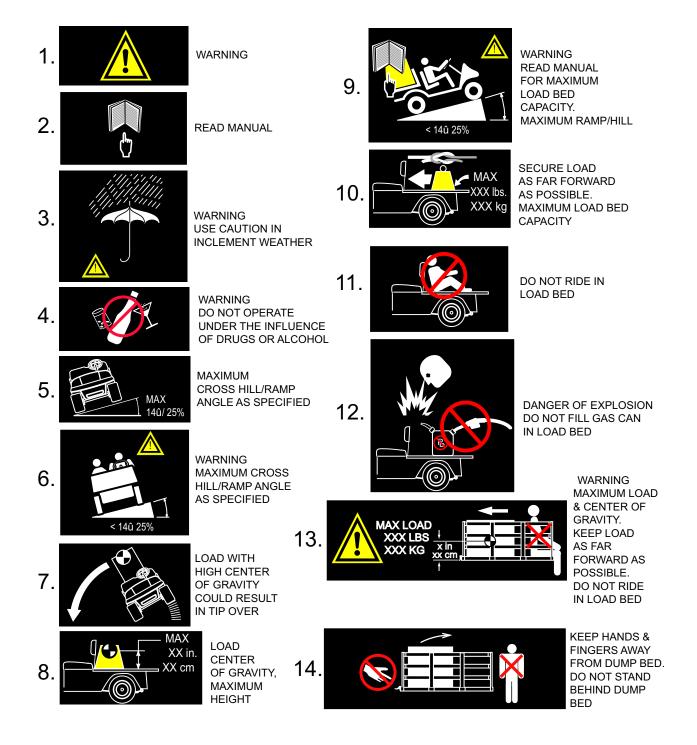
ANSI/ITSDF B56.8 - 2005

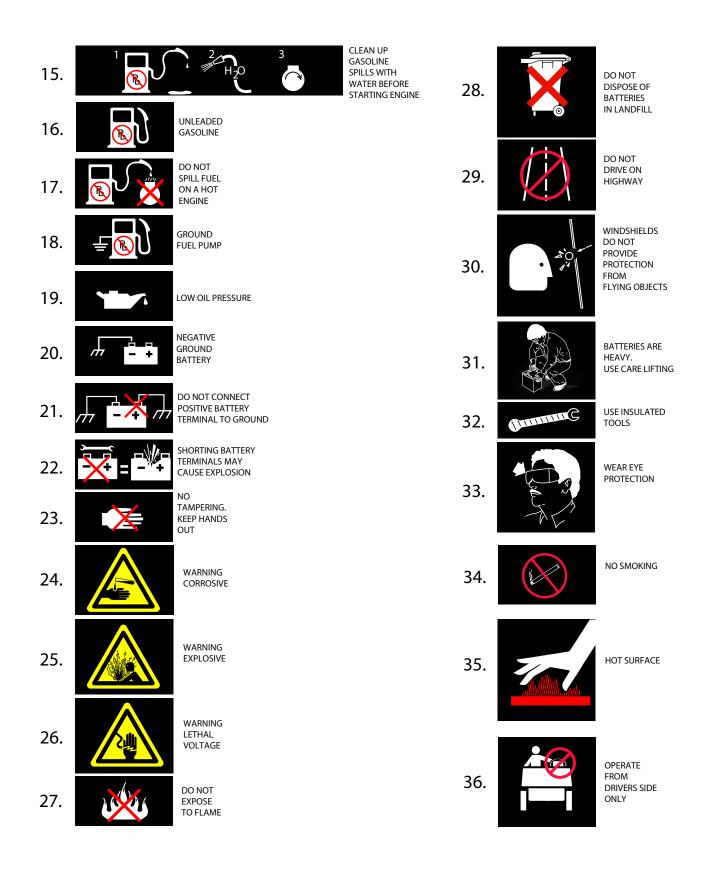
Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

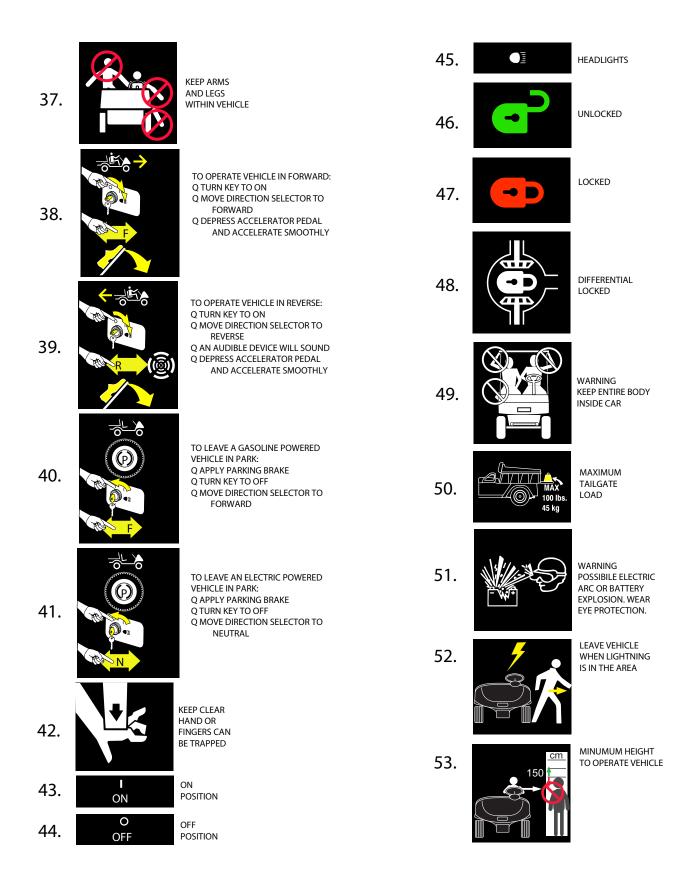
LABELS AND PICTOGRAMS



Owner's Guide







Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:	

Owner's Guide

GENERAL SPECIFICATION



TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS SECTION

TITLE	PAGE NO.	
ST SPORT II 48 VOLTS ELECTRIC SPECIFICATIONS	19	

GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
·			
_			
-			
			_

Owner's Guide



MODEL: ST SPORT II 48V

TYPE: ELECTRIC POWERED TRUCK

MODEL YEAR: 2011



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

CONFIGURATION HIGHLIGHTS

TruCourse Technology: Programmable to multiple vehicle terrains, with expanded regenerative braking function, and vehicle charger lockout

- Solid State continuously variable seperately excited speed controller
- Dash mounted direction selector switch (Forward-Neutral-Reverse)
- Anti-roll back, walkaway braking and alarm
- Programmable regenerative braking, acceleration and speed
- Six, 8 Volt Deep Cycle Batteries
- Full torque, reduced speed reverse
- Inductive throttle sensor
- Handheld vehicle diagnostics and rounds tracking

Battery Charger: PowerWise 48QE high frequency, fully line compensating. 10ft (3m) DC Cord. Underwriters Lab. (U.L.) Listed, (C.S.A. Certified)

• Input: 120 Volts AC, 50/60Hz, 8 amps

Output: 48 Volts DC at 13 amps

Motor: 48 Volt DC shunt wound, brazed armature, solid copper windings

Drive Train: Direct motor shaft connected to transaxle pinion shaft

Electrical System: 48 Volt DC, six, 8 volt deep cycle batteries (117 minute minimum, 170 amp-hour @ 20 hr. discharge rate)

Transaxle: Differential with helical gears

Brakes: Dual rear wheel mechanical self-adjusting drum brakes. Automatic single point park brake release with self-compensating system

Cargo Bed: Roto-molded cross-linked polyethelene. Lifts for access to powertrain. Removable hinged multi-position tailgate requires no latch mechanism

	PRODU	CT OVERVIEW	
Dimensions		Transaxle	Differential with helical gears
Overall Length	105.3 in (267 cm)	Gear Selection	Dash Mounted Forward-Neutral-Reverse
Overall Width	48.5 in (123 cm)	Rear Axle Ratio	12.44:1
Overall Height (No Canopy)	49.0 in (126 cm) (Top of steering wheel)	Performance	
Overall Height (With Canopy)	71.6 in (182 cm)	Seating Capacity	2 Person
Wheel Base	65.5 in (166 cm)	Dry Weight	675 lb (310 kg) (Without Batteries)
Front Wheel Track	37.0 in (94 cm)	Curb Weight	1040 lb (64 kg
Rear Wheel Track	38.0 in (97 cm)	Bed Load Capacity	400 lb (180 kg)
Gnd Clearance @ Differential	5.5 in (14 cm)	Vehicle load capacity	800 lb (360 kg)
Cargo Box Width (inside)	44.5 in (113 cm)	Outside Clearance Circle	18.9 ft (5.76 m)
Cargo Box Length (inside)	30.5 in (77 cm)	Intersecting Aisle Clrnce	N/A
Cargo Box Depth (inside)	7.5 in (19 cm)	Speed (Level Ground)	16.9 mph \pm 0.5 mph (27,2 kph \pm 0.8 kph)
Cargo Box Capacity	5.9 cu ft (0.17 m3)	Towing Capacity	500 lb (227 kg) max load
Cargo Box Material	Roto-molded polyethylene	Steering & Suspension	
Vehicle Power		Steering	Self-compensating rack and pinion
Power Source	48 Volts DC	Front Suspension	Leaf springs with hydraulic shock absorbers
Motor Type	Shunt Wound	Rear Suspension	Leaf springs with hydraulic shock absorbers
Horsepower (kW)	3.0 HP (2.2kW) Continuous	Service Brake	Rear wheel mechanical self-adjusting drum
Electrical System	48 Volt	Parking Brake	Self-compensating, single point engagement
Batteries (Qty, Type)	Six, 8 Volt Deep Cycle	Front Tires	Trail Wolf 20 x 11 - 10 (4 Ply Rated) Uni-directional
Key or Pedal Start	Pedal Start	Rear Tires	Trail Wolf 20 x 11 - 10 (4 Ply Rated) Uni-directional
Battery Charger	48 VDC PowerWise™ QE, 120 VAC,	Body & Chassis	
	UL/CSA	Frame	Welded steel with DuraShield™ powder coat
Speed Controller	250 Amp Solid State Controller	Front Body & Finish	Injection molded TPO
Drive Train	Motor Shaft Direct Drive	Rear Body & Finish	Steel. Base coat/clear coat
		Standard Color	Black
	Specifications are su	bject to change without not	ice

Do not use low inflation pressure tires on any E-Z-GO vehicle. Do not use any tire which has a recommended inflation pressure less than the inflation pressure recommended in Owner's Guide.

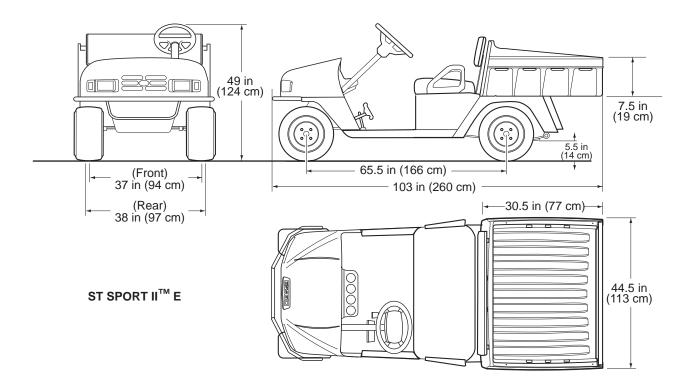
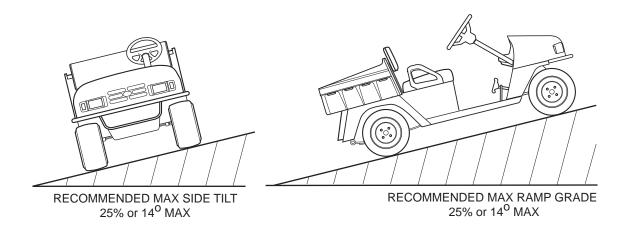


Fig. 1 Vehicle Dimensions



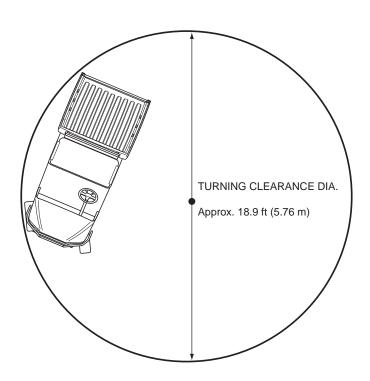


Fig. 2 Vehicle Incline Specification and Turning Diameter

GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			

Page 22 Owner's Guide

INTRODUCTION



TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR INTRODUCTION SECTION

TITLE P	PAGE NO.
EATURES	24
General Information	24
Key Switch / Headlight Switch	25
State of Charge Meter	25
Direction Selector	25
Accelerator Pedal	25
Brake and Park Brake	25
Horn	25
Rear View Mirror	25
Front Seats	25
Hip Restraint	25
Hour Meter	25
Grab Handles	25
Weather Enclosure	26
Glove Box	27
Cup Holder	27
Steering Wheel	27
On Board Charger	27
On Board Receptacle	27
Battery Compartment	27
Run/Tow Switch	27
Ash Tray	28
Load Bed	28

INTRODUCTION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

FEATURES

General Information

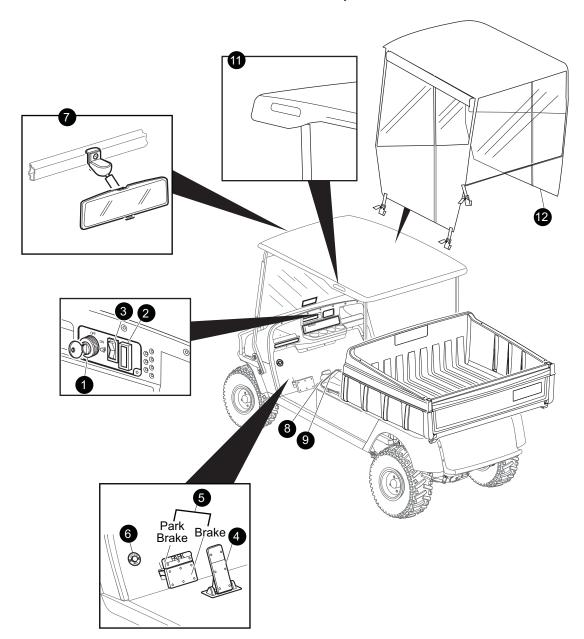
NOTICE

If the vehicle is equipped with factory installed custom accessories, some accessories remain operational with the key switch in the 'OFF' position.

A CAUTION

ALL accessories that do NOT use the accessory wiring harness MUST be connected to draw from the entire 48 Volt battery pack. A DC to DC converter is required for accessories that require voltage other than 48 volts to operate properly.

Accessories connected to this vehicle that do not use the accessory harness must be connected to the DC to DC converter.



Page 24 Owner's Guide

1. Key Switch / Headlight Switch

A CAUTION

To reduce the possibility of component damage, the vehicle must be stopped before moving the key switch/direction selector.

Located on the dash panel, the key switch enables the electrical system of the vehicle to be turned on and off by turning the key and the headlight is operated by turning the key switch beyond ON position. To prevent inadvertent operation of the vehicle when left unattended, the key should be turned to the 'OFF' position and removed.

2. State of Charge Meter

The vehicle is equipped with a state of charge meter located in the dash panel below the speedometer. The state of charge meter indicates the amount of usable power in the batteries. The state of charge meter shows the condition of the battery pack with F indicating a full charge on the battery pack and E indicating the battery pack needs to be charged.

3. Direction Selector

A WARNING

To prevent loss of control, do not move vehicle direction selector while the vehicle is in motion. Moving the selector will result in sudden slowing of the vehicle and the beeping of a warning device.

Located on the dash panel, this switch permits the selection of either 'F' (forward), 'R' (reverse) or neutral (the position between forward and reverse). Vehicle should be left in neutral when unattended

4. Accelerator Pedal

WARNING

Unintentional movement of the accelerator pedal will release the park brake and may cause the vehicle to move which could result in severe injury or death.

With the key switch 'ON', depressing the accelerator pedal starts the motor. When the pedal is released, the motor will stop. To stop the vehicle more quickly, depress the service brake. If key switch is 'ON' and park brake is set, depressing the accelerator inadvertently will release the park brake and will cause the vehicle to move which could cause severe injury or death.

Depressing the accelerator pedal will release the park brake if it is engaged. This is a feature to assure the vehicle is not driven with the park brake engaged. Depressing the accelerator pedal is not the preferred method of releasing the park brake.

5. Brake and Park Brake

NOTICE

If the vehicle is equipped with factory installed custom accessories, some accessories remain operational with the key switch in the 'OFF' position.

The brake pedal incorporates a park brake feature. To engage the park brake, push down on the upper section of the pedal until it locks in place. The park brake will release when the service brake pedal is depressed. Use the lower section of the brake pedal to operate the service brake system.

6. Horn

The horn button is located on the driver's side floorboard; depressing the button will sound the vehicle's horn.

7. Rear View Mirror

The rear view mirror is a two-position mirror manually adjusted for day and nighttime conditions. Sun Top kit is required to install rear view mirror.

8. Front Seats

The front seat is designed for two occupant on each side of the seat.

INTRODUCTION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

9. Hip Restraint - Front

The front hip restraints are designed to help keep the occupants properly positioned in the event of sudden vehicle position changes.

10. Hour Meter

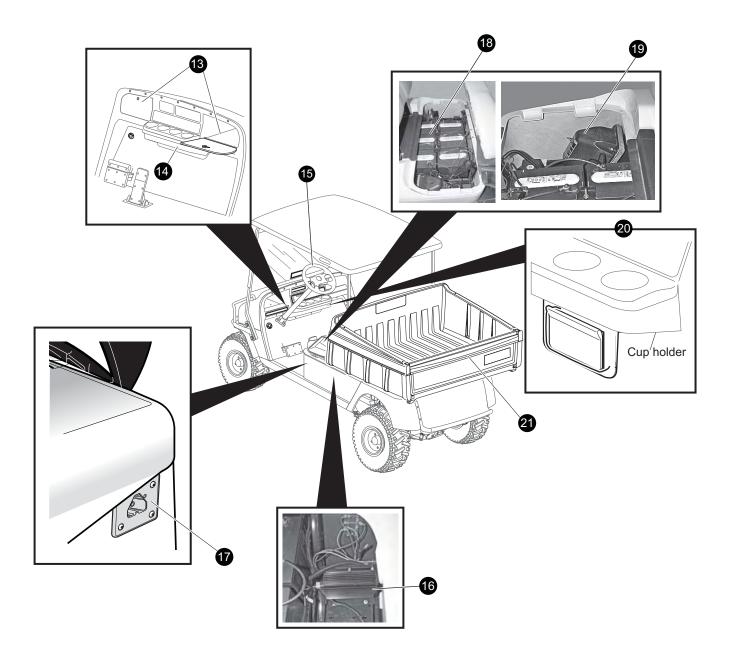
The hour meter indicates total hours of operation. If the vehicle is equipped with lights, the key switch has a position to operate them, indicated by the light icon.

11. Grab Handles - Front Passenger

The vehicle is equipped with grab handles.

12. Weather Enclosure

The vehicle is equipped with weather enclosure as an option.



Page 26 Owner's Guide

13. Glove Box

An optional lockable glove compartment is located on each side of the instrument panel.

14. Cup Holder

A cup holder is provided for convenience of both the driver and passenger.

15. Steering Wheel

The steering wheel located in front of the driver seat is used to steer the vehicle. The steering wheel is also installed with scorecard holder assembly.

16. Charger with DC to DC Converter

Charger is used to charge battery while vehicle is parked and the DC to DC converter is used to power accessories.

17. Charger Receptacle

The charging cord is to be connected to this receptacle while the vehicle is being charged.

18. Battery Compartment

The battery compartment can be accessed by raising the front seat to perform battery maintenance and access the Run/Tow switch.

19. Run/Tow Switch

The Run/Tow switch is used when the vehicle has become stalled or inoperative.

WARNING

To reduce the possibilty of severe injury or death resulting from loss of vehicle control, consider the grade of the terrain the vehicle is on and set vehicle's park brake accordingly before switching the Run - Tow/Maintenance switch to the 'Tow/Maintenance' position. When in the 'Tow/Maintenance' position, the Anti-Roll Back and Walk-Away safety features of the system no longer function.

A CAUTION

Before attempting to tow vehicle, move the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch to the 'Tow/Maintenance' position. Failure to do so will damage the controller or motor.

Before disconnecting or connecting a battery, or any other wiring, move the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch to the 'Tow/ Maintenance' position.

After connecting a battery, or any other wiring, wait a minimum of 30 seconds before moving the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch to the 'Run' position.

NOTICE

The Run/Tow switch should always be returned to the 'TOW' position after moving a stalled vehicle. If the switch is left in the 'RUN' position for an extended period of time, it will drain the batteries.

The Run/Tow switch is located under the seat on the passenger side of the vehicle.

With the switch in 'TOW/MAINTENANCE' position:

- the controller is deactivated
- the electronic braking system is deactivated which allows the vehicle to be towed or roll freely
- · the warning beeper is deactivated

With the switch in 'RUN' position:

· the controller is activated

the electronic braking system and warning beeper features are activated.

INTRODUCTION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

20. Ash Tray

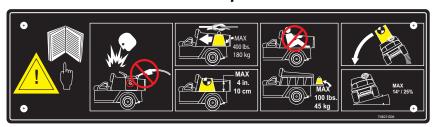
The vehicle is equipped with ash tray as an option.

21. Utility Bed

WARNING

To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death, read, understand and follow the Danger label affixed to the front of the load bed.

Never fill a gas can in the bed of a vehicle. Static discharge could ignite gasoline vapor and cause an explosion.



A load bed warning label is affixed to the front of the bed. For safe operation of the vehicle, this label must be understood. See the load bed warning label for maximum load. The load must be positioned in the bed as far forward as possible, distributed in such a way that its center of gravity must not be higher than height noted on label, and secured. Failure to follow these instructions may result in severe injury, damage the vehicle and/or cause the vehicle to tip over. Use extra care when operating loaded vehicle. Do not permit any one to ride in the bed. Do not drive the vehicle with the load bed raised or with the tailgate unsupported. When using a load bed, be sure to avoid backing up to the edge of a drop off, such as a loading dock or ravine. A misjudgment of distance or an unstable surface could result in the vehicle falling backwards. Always place a gas can on the ground before filling. Never fill a gas can in the bed of the vehicle. Static electricity is built up during the fueling process and could discharge causing the gasoline vapor to ignite.

Page 28 Owner's Guide



Notes:	

INTRODUCTION

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			

Page 30 Owner's Guide



TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR OPERATING PROCEDURES SECTION

TITLE	PAGE NO
SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION	
BEFORE INITIAL USE	33
PORATABLE CHARGER INSTALLATION	34
Using the Charger	36
Understanding the Charger	36
LED Operation Codes	36
LED Fault Codes	36
Maintenance Instructions	37
OPERATING THE VEHICLE	38
TruCourse Technology	39
Regenerative Braking	41
Pedal-Up Braking	42
Terrain	42
Walk-Away Feature	42
Anti-Roll Back Feature	42
Anti-Stall Feature	42
High Pedal Disable Feature	43
Diagnostic Mode Feature	43
Starting and Driving	43
Starting Vehicle on a Hill	43
Coasting	44
Labels and Pictograms	44
Sun Top and Windshield	44

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
	_		
	_		_
	_		
_	_		
	_		

Page 32 Owner's Guide

SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

Two serial number and manufacture date code plates are on the vehicle. One (PART C) is placed on the body below the front, driver side of the seat, PART D is placed on the frame weld tube. The other (PART A and PART B) is located on the crossmember section of the chassis on the driver side (seat back support). To access it, raise the seat and lift up the flap on the access panel.

Design changes take place on an ongoing basis. In order to obtain correct components for the vehicle, the manufacture date code, serial number and vehicle model mustacture date code, serial number and vehicle model must be provided when ordering service parts.

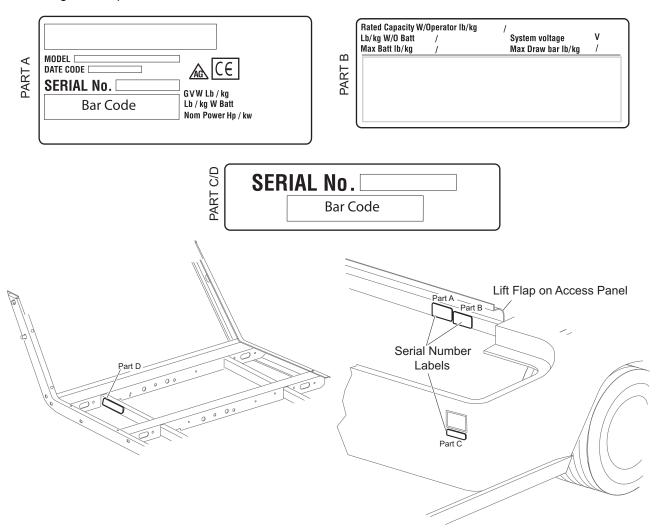


Fig. 1 Serial Number and Location

BEFORE INITIAL USE

Read, understand and follow the safety label on the instrument panel. Be sure you understand how to operate the vehicle, its equipment as well as how to use it safely. Maintaining good performance depends to a large extent on the operator.



Improper use of this vehicle could result in severe injury or death. The ST series are light duty utility vehicles. They are NOT All Terrain Vehicles (ATV's).

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

This vehicle is not a toy and using it while engaging in horseplay is dangerous.

Plan carefully before using the vehicle to go significant distances over questionable terrain. Remember that a one hour drive may take many hours to walk out should you run out of battery power or be stranded by becoming stuck on unsuitable terrain.

Hydrogen gas is generated as a natural part of the lead acid battery charging process. A 4% concentration of hydrogen gas is explosive and could cause severe injury or death. Charging must take place in an area that is adequately ventilated (minimum of 5 air exchanges per hour).

To reduce the chance of battery explosion that could result in severe injury or death, never smoke around or charge batteries in an area that has open flame or electrical equipment that could cause an electrical arc.

Hydrogen gas is generated in the charging cycle of batteries and is explosive in concentrations as low as 4%. Because hydrogen gas is lighter than air, it will collect in the ceiling of buildings necessitating proper ventilation. Five air exchanges per hour is considered the minimum requirement.

Never charge a vehicle in an area that is subject to flame or spark. Pay particular attention to natural gas or propane gas water heaters and furnaces.

Before a new vehicle is put into operation, the items shown in the INITIAL SERVICE CHART must be performed.(Ref. Fig. 2).

The vehicle batteries must be fully charged before initial use.

Check for leaks that could have developed in shipment from the factory.

Check for correct tire inflation. See GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.

Determine and record the braking distance required to stop the vehicle for future brake performance tests.

Remove the protective clear plastic from the seat bottom and back rest before placing the vehicle in service.

ITEM	SERVICE OPERATION			
Batteries	Charge batteries			
Seats	Remove protective plastic covering			
Brakes	Check operation			
	Establish acceptable stopping distance			
Tires	Check air pressure (see SPECIFICATIONS)			
Portable Charger	Remove from vehicle and properly mount			

Fig. 2 Initial Service Chart

PORTABLE CHARGER INSTALLATION



Risk of electric shock. Connect charger power cord to an outlet that has been properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances. A grounded outlet is required to reduce risk of electric shock – do not use ground adapters or modify plug. Do not touch uninsulated portion of output connector or uninsulated battery terminal.

Disconnect the DC supply before making or breaking the connections to the battery while charging. Do not open or disassemble charger. Do not operate charger if the AC supply cord is damaged or if the charger has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way – refer all repair work to qualified personnel. Not for use by children.

Page 34 Owner's Guide

A WARNING

Use charger ONLY on 48 volt battery systems. Other usage may cause personal injury and damage. Lead acid batteries may generate explosive hydrogen gas during normal operation. Keep sparks, flames, and smoking materials away from batteries. Provide adequate ventilation during charging. Never charge a frozen battery. Study all battery manufacturers' specific precautions such as recommended rates of charge and removing or not removing cell caps while charging. Portable chargers must be mounted on a platform above the ground or in such a manner as to permit the maximum air flow underneath and around the charger.

Portable chargers are shipped with the vehicles. Prior to vehicle or charger operation, the charger **must** be removed and mounted on a platform or wall above the ground to permit maximum air flow around and underneath the charger. A **dedicated circuit is required for the charger**. Refer to the charger manual for appropriate circuit protection. For optimum performance and shortest charge times, place the charger in an area with adequate ventilation. The charger should also be placed in an area that will be relatively free of dirt, mud, or dust since accumulations within the fins of the charger will reduce their heat-dissipating qualities. Optimal cooling also occurs when the charger is placed on a horizontal surface with the fins vertical. More airflow from below the charger will help cool the fins, so placement above open areas or areas with cut-outs for airflow is desirable. If the charger is operated in an outdoor location, rain and sun protection must be provided. The charger may get hot during operation and must be placed such that risk of contact by people is reduced. The charger may be mounted on a wall or shelf using #10-M5 screws. The charger's status display must be visible to the user.

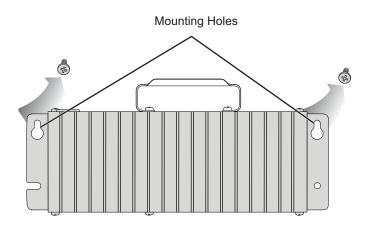




Keep cooling fins clean and free of dirt and debris

NEMA 15 - 5R Grounded AC Receptacle
110 - 120 VAC. Dedicated 15 AMP Circuit

Locations outside the US and Canada: Reference appropriate local electrical code and charger manufacturer recommendations for AC power requirements



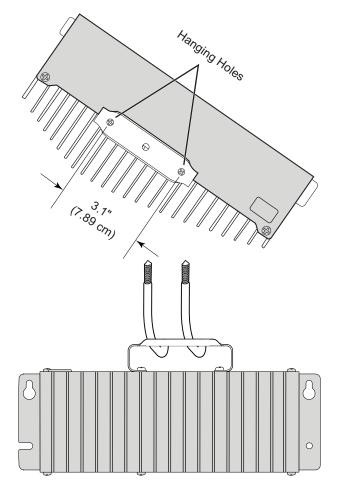


Fig. 3 Charger Installation

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

NOTICE

Looping the DC cord through the steering wheel when charging serves as a good reminder to store the cord out of the way when finished with charging. The DC plug can be damaged by driving over or catching the cord on the vehicle when driving away.



An ungrounded electrical device may become a physical hazard that could result in an electrical shock or electrocution.

Using the Charger

The charger may remain plugged into the AC outlet when not in use. To charge the vehicle refer to the instruction labels on the charger. Insert the polarized DC plug completely into the vehicle receptacle. The charger will automatically start a few seconds after the plug is in place. The charger will automatically stop when the batteries are fully charged and the DC plug can be removed to permit use of the vehicle.

Understanding the Charger

Plugging the charger into the vehicle's charger receptacle will lock the vehicle out of operation. When the charger is plugged into the vehicle's charger receptacle, the charger will automatically turn on and the charger's LED and the vehicle receptacle's LED will start flashing GREEN to indicate the batteries are charging.

Once a minimum battery voltage of 2 volts per cell (Vpc) is reached, the charger's output current will change from a full current charge to the trickle rated charging current. The length of charge time will vary by how depleted the batteries are, the input AC voltage, and/or charger ambient temperatures. The charger's LED will give a SHORT flash if the charge is less than 80% and a LONG flash if the charge is greater than 80%. If the charger's LED is a steady GREEN the batteries are fully charged and the charger may be unplugged, although not necessary. The charger may be left plugged in for long periods of time to maintain the batteries charge level.

If a fault occurred anytime during the charging the charger's LED will quickly flash RED. The specific fault is indicated by the number of RED flashes that occur, there will be a pause and then the flashes will repeat again. There are several possible conditions that will generate errors. Some errors will require human intervention to first resolve the problem and then reset the charger by unplugging the DC cord from the vehicle.

If the AC voltage is interrupted and restored, the charger will turn back on automatically.

LED Operation Codes:

SHORT GREEN FLASH = less than 80% charged LONG GREEN FLASH = more than 80% charged SOLID GREEN = 100% charged RED FLASH = fault code

LED Fault Codes:

RED FLASH: Light turns on briefly, but does not flash after that - check for valid AC voltage.

ONE RED FLASH: One flash, a pause and then again one flash and a pause - Charge Enable Fault: poor contact in the DC connector or dirty contacts or Battery Temperature Fault: battery temperature is greater than 122° F (50° C) or less than 14° F (-10° C).

Page 36 Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

TWO RED FLASHES: Two flashes, a pause and then again two flashes and a pause - Battery Voltage Fault: Battery pack is less than 48.0 Volts or more than 67.2 Volts. Battery pack is too discharged or over charged for the charger to work.

THREE RED FLASHES: Three flashes, a pause and then again three flashes and a pause - Battery Charge Timeout: Charge time exceeded 24 hours. This may indicate a problem with the battery pack or that the charger output current was severely reduced due to high ambient temperatures.

FOUR RED FLASHES: Four flashes, a pause and then again four flashes and a pause - Battery Fault: Charge time exceeded. This indicates a problem with the battery pack voltage not reaching the required nominal level within the maximum time allowed.

SIX RED FLASHES: Six flashes, a pause and then again six flashes and a pause - Charger Fault: An internal fault has been detected. If this fault is displayed again after unplugging the charger's DC power cord and plugging it back in, the charger must be taken to a qualified service center.



To prevent a physical hazard that could result in an electrical shock or electrocution, be sure that the charger plug is not damaged and is inserted into a grounded receptacle.

The power (AC) cord is equipped with a grounded plug. Do not attempt to pull out, cut or bend the ground post.

The charging (DC) cord is equipped with a polarized connector that fits into a matching receptacle on the vehicle. The receptacle is located on the driver side of the vehicle just below the seat bottom.

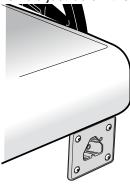


Fig. 4 Charger Receptacle

Maintenance Instructions

- For flooded lead-acid batteries, regularly check the water levels of each battery cell after charging and add distilled water as required to the level specified by the battery manufacturer. Follow the safety instructions recommended by the battery manufacturer.
- 2. Make sure the charger connections to the battery terminals are tight and clean. Check for any deformations or cracks in the plastic parts. Check the charger harness for chaffing and rubbing. Inspect all wiring for fraying, loose terminals, chaffing, corrosion or deterioration of the insulation.
- 3. Keep the cooling fins free of dirt and debris, do not expose the charger to oil, dirt, mud or to direct heavy water spray when cleaning equipment.
- 4. Inspect the plug of the battery charger and the vehicle receptacle housing for dirt or debris. Clean the DC connector monthly or more often if needed.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

OPERATING THE VEHICLE



Improper use of the vehicle or the lack of proper maintenance may result in damage or decreased performance. Read the following warnings before attempting to operate the vehicle.

WARNING

To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death resulting from loss of vehicle control, the following warnings must be observed:

When driving vehicle, consider the terrain, traffic conditions and the environmental factors which effect the terrain and the ability to control the vehicle.

Use extra care and reduced speed when driving on poor surfaces, such as loose dirt, wet grass, gravel, etc.

Stay in designated areas and avoid extremely rough terrain.

Maintain a safe speed when driving down hill. Use service brake to control speed when traveling down an incline. A sudden stop or change of direction may result in loss of control.

To prevent loss of control, do not move the direction selector of a vehicle while the vehicle is in motion. Moving the selector will result in a sudden slowing of the vehicle and the beeping of a warning device.

Slow down before and during turns. All turns should be made at reduced speed. Never drive vehicle up, down, or across an incline that exceeds 14° (25% grade).

A WARNING

Refer to GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS for seating capacity.

Depressing accelerator pedal will release foot operated park brake and may cause inadvertent vehicle movement. Turn the key to the 'OFF' position whenever the vehicle is parked.

To prevent inadvertent movement when the vehicle is to be left unattended, engage the park brake, move direction selector to forward position, turn key to 'OFF' position and remove key.

Make sure that the direction selector is in correct position before attempting to start the vehicle.

Always bring the vehicle to a complete stop before shifting the direction selector.

Do not take vehicle out of 'gear' while in motion (coast).

Check the area behind the vehicle before operating in reverse.

All occupants must be seated. Keep entire body inside vehicle and hold on while vehicle is in motion.

Page 38 Owner's Guide

TRUCOURSE TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM™

GENERAL

TruCourse Technology (TCT) system vehicles are operated in one of three modes or "performance options". All options have standard features that control, protect and diagnose the vehicle. The options are defined as follows:

- 1. The Golf Flat performance option: The motor's speed is sensed and regulated to 14.8 mph (23.8 kph) directly by the controller, the vehicle's flat ground speed will not change with different ground surfaces. The speed sensor also allows for precise control of the downhill vehicle speed during compression braking. As the vehicle crests a hill and begins to descend, the speed will be smoothly regulated to 14.8 mph (23.8 kph). This option is enabled when there is a blank plug installed.
- 2. The Golf Steep Hill performance option: This option includes all of the driving features of the All-Terrain option plus compression braking. Compression braking occurs when the throttle is released while the vehicle is moving. The motor will electrically retard the motion of the vehicle until the throttle is depressed again or the vehicle stops. This is the strongest of the two compression braking options. This is 12.8 mph (20.6 kph) option. This option is enabled when the blue plug is installed.
- 3. The Golf Mild Hill performance option: This option includes all of the driving features of the Steep Hill option, except that the compression braking feel is milder, and the flat ground compression braking speeds are 13.8 mph (22.2 kph) instead of 14.8 mph (23.8 kph). This option is enabled when the yellow plug is installed.
- 4. The Freedom performance option: This option includes all of the driving features of the All-Terrain option except that the flat ground and downhill compression braking speeds are 18.5 mph (29.7 kph) instead of 13.2 mph (21 kph). This option is enabled when the red plug is installed.

The vehicle performance option can be determined without removing the ESC cover by placing the vehicle in diagnostic mode (See diagnostic mode instructions). The number of beeps heard immediately after entering diagnostic mode corresponds to the option per the above option numbers.

TRUCOURSE TECHNOLOGY (TCT) SYSTEM™ PERFORMANCE OPTIONS & DIAGNOSTICS:

- Anti-Roll back to limit backward motion of the vehicle down an incline to less than 2 mph (3 kph)
- Walk-Away to limit vehicle movement without driver input, slowing the vehicle to 2 mph (3 kph) and sounding an audible alarm (reverse beeper)
- Anti-Stall protection to prevent commutator damage from stalling the vehicle against an object or on a hill
- High pedal disable to prevent undesired acceleration if the direction selector lever is changed, or the key is turned on while the accelerator is depressed
- Diagnostic mode to ease troubleshooting

Performance Option	Top Speed	Compression Braking Strength	Anti-Stall Protection
1. Airport	4 - 8 mph (6 - 12.8 kmph)	None	Yes
2. Golf Flat	10.2-14.8 mph (16.4-23.8 kmph)	None	Yes
3. Golf Steep Hills	10.2-14.8 mph (16.4- 23.8 kmph)	Heavy	Yes
4. Golf Mild Hills	10.2-14.8 mph (16.4- 23.8 kmph)	Mild	Yes
5. Freedom	14.5 - 19.5 mph (23.3- 31.3 kmph)	None	Yes

Fig. 5 Performance Options

Changing Performance Options

The performance option may be changed if the existing option is not compatible with the terrain that the vehicle will be operated.

- 1. Raise the seat and ensure that the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch is in the 'RUN' position.
- 2. Ensure that the charger is unplugged from the vehicle.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

- 3. Locate the vehicle diagnostic port and remove the environmental cover.
- 4. Connect the handheld diagnostic tool and select the desired performance setting.
- 5. Disconnect the handheld diagnostic tool, replace the environmental cover and seat.

At monthly intervals, test the TCT system by allowing the vehicle to roll down an incline with the accelerator pedal released. Braking force should be felt at approximately 2 mph (3 kph) indicating that the TCT system is functioning. If vehicle speed continues to rise, apply the service brake to control speed and proceed with diagnostic check.

NOTICE

Charging the vehicle will also de-activate the diagnostic mode and the handheld diagnostic tool will not operate

The two-position 'Run-Tow/Maintenance' switch is located under the passenger side of the seat on the ESC environmental cover.

OPERATION

With the switch in 'TOW/MAINTENANCE/STORAGE' position:

- the controller is deactivated.
- the electronic braking feature is deactivated which allows the vehicle to be towed or roll freely.
- · the warning beeper is deactivated.

With the switch in 'RUN' position:

- the controller is activated.
- the electronic braking feature and warning beeper features are activated.

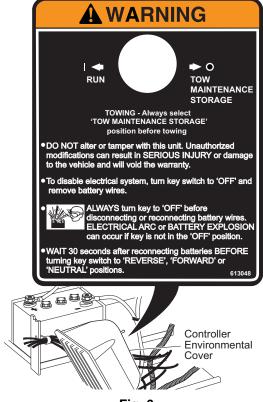


Fig. 6

NOTICE

TCT vehicles operate only in the 'RUN' position.

If all of the following events occur with the switch in 'RUN' position

- a) the vehicle has been stopped for more than one second.
- b) the accelerator pedal has been released for more than one second.
- c) the vehicle begins to roll above 2 mph (3 kph).

the electronic braking will limit speed to approximately 2 mph (3 kph) and the warning beeper will sound. When the accelerator pedal is depressed, the electronic braking and warning beeper will be overridden and normal vehicle operation resumes. The system functions in all key switch positions.



The TCT system is not a substitute for the service brake which should be used to control speed and reduce possibility of injury.

If all of the following events occur with the switch in 'RUN' position.

- a) the vehicle is being driven down a slope.
- b) the vehicle speed exceeds the designed speed with the accelerator pedal depressed or released.

the regenerative braking will limit the speed of the vehicle to the designed speed range. When the regenerative braking feature is activated by this sequence of events, the motor generates power which is returned d to the batteries. TCT models are equipped with a regenerative motor control system.

The motor's speed is sensed and regulated directly by the controller. As a vehicle begins to accelerate while descending a hill, the speed sensor will cause the motor to electrically resist the speed of the vehicle through regenerative braking.

If the operator attempts to override the electronic braking feature by moving the direction selector or key switch to another position, the warning beeper will sound and the vehicle will brake **rapidly** until it reaches the speed of approximately 2 mph (3 kph).

The TCT system also incorporates an anti-stall protection feature that prevents commutator damage from stalling the vehicle against an obstacle or ascending a hill. The electrical power to the motor will be deactivated allowing the vehicle to roll freely before damage can be done.

In Performance Mode option features different degrees of regenerative breaking that takes place anytime that accelerator pedal is released. The Steep Hill option will rapidly slow the vehicle to a stop unless the accelerator pedal is depressed. The Mild Hill option will slow the vehicle to a stop at a slower rate unless the accelerator pedal is depressed.

The TCT has a low power consumption unit but it will drain the vehicle batteries over a period of time. If the vehicle is to be stored for a prolonged period of time, the TCT should be disconnected from the batteries by selecting the 'TOW/MAINTE-NANCE/STORAGE' position on the Run-Tow/Maintenance/Storage switch located under the passenger seat.

The Electronic Speed Control system consists of three separate units; a pedal box, speed sensor, and controller.

Regenerative Braking



To prevent the possibility of loss of control that could cause severe injury or death, use service brake to control speed. The TruCourse technology system is not a substitute for the service brake.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

TruCourse Technology models are equipped with a regenerative motor control system.

Example: If all of the following events occur...

- a) the vehicle is being driven down a slope
- b) the vehicle attempts to exceed the specified top speed with the accelerator pedal depressed or released

the regenerative braking will limit the speed of the vehicle to the specified top speed (the warning beeper will **not** sound). When the regenerative braking system is activated by this sequence of events, the motor generates power which is returned to the batteries.

If the operator attempts to override the regenerative braking feature by moving the direction selector or key switch to another position, the warning beeper will sound and the vehicle will brake **rapidly** until it reaches the speed of approximately 2 mph (3 kph).

Pedal-Up Braking

Pedal-up braking is regenerative braking that occurs when the accelerator pedal is released while the vehicle is moving between 8 mph (13 kph) and the vehicle's top speed.

Example: If all of the following events occur...

- a) the vehicle is being driven down a slope
- b) the accelerator pedal is released for more than one second

the pedal-up braking will slow the vehicle (the warning beeper will **not** sound) until either the vehicle speed is reduced to 8 mph (13 kph), at which it freely coasts between 8 and 3 mph (5 kph), or the accelerator pedal is applied. When pedal-up braking system is activated by this sequence of events, the motor generates power which is returned to the batteries.

Terrain

The vehicle is designed for use on improved roads (but not on public highways). The vehicle may also be used on established trails or open terrain that is free from stumps, large rocks or holes.

The vehicle should not be used to cross water.

Walk-Away Feature

Walk-Away limits vehicle movement without driver input, slowing the vehicle to 2 mph (3 kph) and sounding an audible alarm (reverse beeper).

Example: If all of the following events occur...

- a) the vehicle has been stopped for more than 1.5 seconds
- b) the accelerator pedal has been released for more than one second
- c) the vehicle begins to roll above 2 mph (3 kph)

the electronic braking will limit speed to approximately 2 mph (3 kph) and the warning beeper will sound. When the accelerator pedal is depressed, the electronic braking and warning beeper will be overridden and normal vehicle operation resumes. Any unusual situation sensed by the TruCourse Technology system will cause a similar response. The system functions in all key switch positions.

Anti-Roll Back Feature

Anti-Roll Back, like Walk-Away, limits backward motion of the vehicle down an incline to less than 2 mph (3 kph). See 'Walk-Away Feature' above.

Anti-Stall Feature

Anti-Stall protection prevents motor damage from stalling the vehicle against an object or on a hill.

Example: If all of the following events occur...

- a) the system senses that the accelerator pedal is depressed (power applied to motor)
- b) the motor is stalled long enough that any more time may cause motor damage

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

the TruCourse Technology system will momentarily interrupt power to the motor. This brief interruption will permit the car to roll backwards slightly before again stopping in the stalled condition. This process will repeat itself periodically until the car is moved from the stalled condition.

Example: If all of the following events occur...

- a) the system senses that the accelerator pedal is depressed (power applied to motor)
- b) the brake is engaged so as to prevent vehicle motion

the TruCourse Technology system will sense a stalled motor condition and remove power from the motor. When the brake pedal is released, the car will roll backwards slightly before power is returned to the motor.

High Pedal Disable Feature

High pedal disable prevents undesired acceleration if the direction selector lever is changed, or the key is turned on while the accelerator is depressed.

Diagnostic Mode Feature

Diagnostic mode eases troubleshooting.

In the unlikely event of certain electrical system failures, the TruCourse Technology controller will default to a mode that will permit the vehicle to operate, but at a very reduced speed.

This feature allows the vehicle to be driven back to its storage facility where the problem can be diagnosed.

The controller can be put in diagnostic mode by the technician and the controller will report the failure mode.

Starting And Driving



To reduce the possibility of roll - back which could result in severe injury or vehicle damage, do not release the service brake until motor has started.

All vehicles are equipped with an *interlock system* that disables the controller and prevents the vehicle from being operated or towed while the charger is connected. Remove the charger plug from the vehicle receptacle and properly store the cable prior to moving the vehicle.

To operate the vehicle:

- Apply the service brake, place the key in the key switch and turn it to the 'ON'/'N' position.
- Move the direction selector to the direction desired.
- Release the park brake by depressing the service brake pedal until the park brake releases.
- Slowly depress the accelerator pedal to start the motor.
- When the accelerator pedal is released, the motor controls the deceleration. To stop the vehicle more quickly, depress the service brake pedal.

NOTICE

When the direction selector is in the reverse position, a warning signal will sound to indicate that the vehicle is ready to run in reverse.

Starting Vehicle On A Hill



To reduce the possibility of roll-back which could result in severe injury or vehicle damage, do not release the service brake until motor has started

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

A CAUTION

Do not hold vehicle on hill by using accelerator and motor. Leaving motor in a stalled condition for more than 3 - 4 seconds will cause permanent damage to motor.

To reduce the possibility of permanent damage to the drive system, it is important to prevent excessive roll-back when starting the vehicle on a hill.

Place left foot on service brake and release the park brake. Depress accelerator with right foot and release the service brake by lifting the left foot.

Coasting



To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death from coasting at above recommended speeds, limit speed with service brake.

Uncontrolled coasting does not occur with this model. However, this is not a substitute for the service brake which should be used to slow the speed of the vehicle quickly.

NOTICE

This model is equipped with a feature (pedal-up braking) that slows the vehicle's speed when the accelerator pedal is released until the vehicle stops.

Labels and Pictograms

Vehicles may be labeled with pictograms as a method of conveying information or warnings. The Vehicle Label Identification Section of this manual explains the labels that are used on this vehicle.

Sun Top And Windshield



The sun top does not provide protection from roll-over or falling objects. The windshield does not provide protection from tree limbs or flying objects.

The sun top and windshield provide some protection from the elements; however, they will not keep the operator and passenger dry in a downpour. This vehicle is not equipped with seat belts and the sun top has not been designed to provide roll-over protection. In addition, the sun top does not protect against falling objects nor does the windshield protect against flying objects and tree limbs. Keep arms and legs inside of the vehicle while it is moving.

Page 44 Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
_			
_			
-			
-			

Page 46 Owner's Guide



TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES SECTION

TITLE	PAGE NO
VEHICLE CLEANING AND CARE	49
Vehicle Cleaning	49
COMMON SENSE OPERATION	49
ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS	50
REPAIR	50
Lifting the Vehicle	
WHEELS AND TIRES	
Tire Repair	
Wheel Installation	52
LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT	53
FUSE REPLACEMENT	53
TRANSPORTING VEHICLE	
Towing	
Hauling	
SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE	
ROUTINE MAINTENANCE	
Tire Inspection	
Brakes	
Rear Axle	
Hardware	
PERIODIC SERVICE SCHEDULE	59
BATTERY CHARGING AND MAINTENANCE	
Safety	
Battery	
Battery Maintenance	
At Each Charging Cycle	
Monthly	
Electrolyte Level and Water	61
Battery Cleaning	64
Battery Replacement	65
Battery Charging	
Troubleshooting	
Hydrometer	67
Using Hydrometer	67
Prolonged Storage	69

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
	_		
	_		_
	_		
_	_		
	_		

Page 48 Owner's Guide

VEHICLE CLEANING AND CARE

Vehicle Cleaning



To reduce the possibility of severe injury or vehicle damage, read and understand all instructions supplied by manufacturer of pressure washer.



When pressure washing exterior of vehicle, do not use pressure in excess of 700 psi. To reduce the possibility of cosmetic damage, do not use any abrasive or reactive solvents to clean plastic parts.

It is important that proper techniques and cleaning materials be used. Using excessive water pressure may cause severe injury to operator or bystander, damage to seals, plastics, seat material, body finish or electrical system. Do not use pressure in excess of 700 psi to wash exterior of vehicle.

Clean windshield with lots of water and a clean cloth. Minor scratches may be removed using a commercial plastic polish or Plexus[®] plastic cleaner available from the service parts department.

Normal cleaning of vinyl seats and plastic or rubber trim requires the use of a mild soap solution applied with a sponge or soft brush and wipe with a damp cloth.

Removal of oil, tar, asphalt, shoe polish, etc. will require the use of a commercially available vinyl/rubber cleaner.

The painted surfaces of the vehicle provide attractive appearance and durable protection. Frequent washing with lukewarm or cold water and mild detergent is required to preserve the painted surfaces.

Occasional cleaning and waxing with non-abrasive products designed for 'clear coat' automotive finishes will enhance the appearance and durability of the painted surfaces.

Corrosive materials used as fertilizers or for dust control can collect on the underbody of the vehicle. These materials will cause corrosion of underbody parts unless flushed occasionally with plain water. Thoroughly clean any areas where mud or other debris can collect. Sediment packed in closed areas should be loosened to ease it's removal, taking care not to chip or otherwise damage paint.

COMMON SENSE OPERATION



To prevent severe injury or death, observe the following: Never transport loaded firearms on or in vehicle

Check that firearms are unloaded with the safety engaged and are properly secured with muzzle pointing in a safe direction before operating vehicle.

Be aware of other firearms in proximity to operator and passengers.

This vehicle is not a toy. If not operated properly and responsibly, it can cause severe injury or death to the operator, passengers or bystanders. All operators should possess a valid driver's license. Children should not be permitted to operate the vehicle. Children may not have the skill, judgement or strength to operate this or similar vehicles.

Alcohol, drugs and many over the counter medications reduce the ability of the driver to operate the vehicle safely. Always review side effects of any medication with a doctor or pharmacist before operating vehicle.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Protective clothing and an approved motorcycle helmet are recommended for operator and passengers when operating vehicle in rough or densely wooded terrain.

When driving at full speed on a dirt road, loose surfaces or wet grass, vehicle stopping distance will increase. If the vehicle is fully loaded, it will take longer to stop than with no load. When operating vehicle in wet weather conditions, remember that the brakes may need to be **lightly** applied in order to provide enough friction to dry the brake unit. If wet, the brakes will lose much of their effect.

Slow down when in unfamiliar terrain. Slow down when cresting a hill in an area that you are unfamiliar with.

Some hills are too steep to climb. If you attempt to climb a hill that is too steep or if you are unable to achieve adequate traction, do not attempt to turn around on the hill. Slowly back straight down the hill using the service brake to control speed.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS



As a responsible user, practice respect for all wildlife and their habitat. Respect private property and comply with all local laws and regulations governing the use of light duty utility vehicles. To prevent severe injury or death while driving, be aware of the following:

Environmental hazards such as steep slopes, overhanging limbs, etc.

Danger of fire when vehicle is operated over dry combustible organic material.

When driving, be aware of environmental hazards such as steep slopes, overhanging limbs, etc. Be aware of the danger of fire when the gasoline powered vehicle is operated over dry combustible organic material.

REPAIR

Some servicing operations may require the front wheels, the rear wheels, or the entire vehicle to be raised.

A WARNING

To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death from a vehicle falling from a jack: Be sure the vehicle is on a firm and level surface.

Never get under a vehicle while it is supported by a jack.

Use jack stands and test the stability of the vehicle on the stands.

Always place chocks in front and behind the wheels not being raised.

Use extreme care since the vehicle is extremely unstable during the lifting process.



When lifting the vehicle, position the jacks and jack stands at the areas indicated only.

Lifting the Vehicle

Tool List	Qty.
Floor jack	1
Jackstands	
Wheel Chocks	4
Remove payload from vehicle before lifting. No person(s) should be in or on the vehicle while lifting.	

Page 50 Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

To raise the entire vehicle, install chocks in front and behind each front wheel (Ref. Fig. 10). Center the jack under the rear frame crossmember. Raise the vehicle enough to place a jack stand under the outer ends of the rear axle.

Lower the jack and test the stability of the vehicle on the two jack stands.

Place the jack at the center of the front axle. Raise the vehicle enough to place jack stands under the frame crossmember as indicated.

Lower the jack and test the stability of the vehicle on all four jack stands.

If only the front or rear of the vehicle is to be raised, place the chocks in front and behind each wheel not being raised to stabilize the vehicle.

Lower the vehicle by reversing the lifting sequence.

WHEELS AND TIRES

WARNING

A tire explosion can cause severe injury or death. Never exceed the inflation pressure rating on the tire side-

To reduce the possibility of tire explosion, pressurize tire with small amounts of air applied intermittently to seat beads. Due to the low volume of the small tires, overinflation can occur in seconds. Never exceed the tire manufacturer's recommendation when seating a bead. Protect face and eyes from escaping air when removing a valve core.

To reduce the possibility of severe injury caused by a broken socket when removing wheels, use only sockets designed for impact wrench use.

Center of Front Axle

Flat Portion of Frame

Outside End of Rear Axle

Lifting The Vehicle

View from Underside of Vehicle

DO NOT use low inflation tires on any E-Z-GO vehicle.

DO NOT use any tire which has a recommended inflation pressure less than the inflation pressure recommended in the owner's guide.

Use caution when inflating tires. Overinflation could cause the tire to separate from the wheel or cause the tire to explode, either of which could cause severe injury.

Tire Repair

Tool List	Qty.
Lug wrench, 3/4"	. 1
Impact socket, 3/4"	
Impact wrench	. 1
Torque wrench, ft. lbs.	. 1
Use caution when inflating tires. Due to the low volume of the small tires, overinflation can occur in seconds	Overinf

Use caution when inflating tires. Due to the low volume of the small tires, overinflation can occur in seconds. Overinflation could cause the tire to separate from the wheel or cause the tire to explode.

Tire inflation should be determined by the condition of the terrain. See GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS section for recommended tire inflation pressure. For outdoor applications with major use on grassy areas, the following should be considered. On hard turf, it is desirable to have a **slightly** higher inflation pressure. On very soft turf, a lower pressure reduces the possibility of tires cutting into the turf. For vehicles being used on paved or hard surfaces, tire inflation pressure should be in the higher allowable range, but under no condition should inflation pressure be higher than recommended on tire sidewall. **All four tires** should have the same pressure for optimum handling characteristics. Be sure to install the valve stem dust cap after checking or inflating.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

The vehicle is fitted with low pressure tubeless tires mounted on one piece rims; therefore, the most cost effective way to repair a puncture in the tread is to use a commercial tire plug.

NOTICE

Tire plug tools and plugs are available at most automotive parts outlets and have the advantage of not requiring the tire be removed from the wheel.

If the tire is flat, remove the wheel and inflate the tire to the maximum recommended pressure for the tire. Immerse the tire in water to locate the leak and mark with chalk. Insert tire plug in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

A WARNING

To reduce the possibility of severe injury, be sure the mounting/demounting machine is anchored to floor. Wear OSHA approved safety equipment when mounting/demounting tires.

If the tire is to be removed or mounted, the tire changing machine manufacturer's recommendations must be followed in order to reduce possibility of severe injury.

Wheel Installation



To reduce the possibility of component damage, do not tighten lug nuts to more than 85 ft. lbs. (115 Nm) torque.

NOTICE

It is important to follow the 'cross sequence' pattern when installing lug nuts. This will assure even seating of the wheel against the hub.

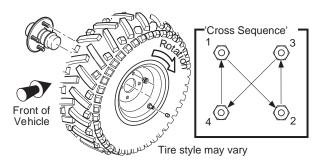
With the valve stem to the outside, mount the wheel onto the hub with lug nuts. Finger tighten the lug nuts (1) in a 'cross sequence' pattern. Tighten the lug nuts to 50 to 85 ft. lbs. (68 to 115 Nm) torque in 20 ft. lbs. (27 Nm) increments following the 'cross sequence' pattern.

Tire style may vary

Valve Stem Can

Unidirectional Tires

Some vehicles may be fitted with unidirectional tires. These tires may be identified by a directional arrow on the sidewall. Be sure to position the wheel on hub correctly with arrow indicating direction of rotation when moving forward.



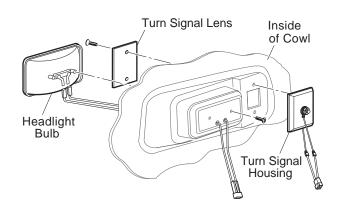


LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

A CAUTION

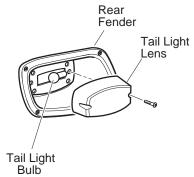
To reduce the possibility of premature bulb failure, do not touch new bulbs with bare fingers. Use clean, dry tissue or paper towel to handle the glass portion of the bulb.

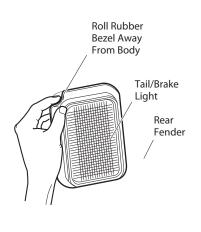
For vehicles with headlights, locate the two screws on backside of cowl that secure headlight. Remove screws, pull headlight out and disconnect wires. Connect wires to new headlight, install in cowl and secure with screws previously removed.



To replace the turn signal light bulb, support turn signal housing from backside of cowl while removing two screws securing lens. Install new bulb and replace lens.

To replace the tail and brake light bulb, roll the rubber bezel from around the edge of the taillight and remove lens. Install replacement bulb and replace lens. To replace





the tail and brake light bulb, remove hardware securing lens and remove lens. Install replacement bulb.

FUSE REPLACEMENT

To replace fuses, locate the fuse block under the driver side seat. Pull out old fuse and replace with a new automotive type fuse. Headlight and taillight bulbs and fuses are available from a local Distributor, an authorized Branch or the Service Parts Department.

TRANSPORTING VEHICLE

TOWING



To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death:

Use extra caution when towing a vehicle.

DO NOT ride on the vehicle being towed.

DO NOT attempt to tow the vehicle with ropes, chains or any device other than a factory approved tow bar.

DO NOT tow the vehicle on highways.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

DO NOT tow a single vehicle at speeds in excess of 12 mph (19 kph).

DO NOT tow more than three vehicles at a time.

DO NOT exceed 5 mph (8 kph) while towing multiple vehicles.

HAULING



To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death while transporting the vehicle:

Secure the vehicle and contents.

Never ride on the vehicle being transported.

Always remove the windshield before transporting.

If the vehicle is to be transported at highway speeds, the sun top must be removed and the seat bottom secured. When transporting vehicle below highway speeds, check for tightness of hardware and cracks in sun top at mounting points. Always remove windshield when transporting. Always check that the vehicle and contents are adequately secured before transporting. The rated capacity of the trailer or truck must exceed the weight of the vehicle (see GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS for vehicle weight) and load plus 1000 lbs. (454 kg). Secure the vehicle using ratchet tie downs.

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

A WARNING

To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death from improper servicing techniques:

DO NOT attempt any type of servicing operations before reading all notes, cautions and warnings in this manual.

Any servicing requiring adjustments to be made to the powertrain while the motor is running must be made with both drive wheels raised and vehicle properly supported on jack stands.

To reduce the possibility of motor damage, never operate vehicle at full throttle for more than 4 - 5 seconds while vehicle is in a 'no load' condition.

Reduce the possibility of accidental starting by disconnecting battery at negative terminal before servicing.



Wear eye protection when working on the vehicle. Use extra care when working around batteries, or using solvents or compressed air.

To reduce the possibility of causing an electrical arc, which could result in a battery explosion, turn off all electrical loads from the battery before removing battery wires.



Wrap wrenches with vinyl tape to reduce the possibility of a dropped wrench 'shorting out' a battery, which could result in an explosion.

The electrolyte in a battery is an acid solution which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes. Treat all electrolyte spills to the body and eyes with extended flushing with clear water. Contact a physician immediately.

Any electrolyte spills should be neutralized with a solution of 2 teaspoons (10 ml) sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) dissolved in 1 quart (1 liters) of water and flushed with water.

Aerosol containers of battery terminal protectant must be used with extreme care. Insulate metal container to reduce the possibility of can contacting battery terminals which could result in an explosion.

Page 54 Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

It is in the best interest of both vehicle owner and service technician to carefully follow the procedures recommended in this manual. Preventative maintenance, applied at recommended intervals, is the best guarantee for keeping the vehicle both dependable and economical.

This vehicle will give years of satisfactory service, providing it receives regular maintenance. Refer to the Periodic Service Schedule for appropriate service intervals ((Ref. Fig 1 on page 49).

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE



To prolong vehicle life, some maintenance items must be serviced more frequently on vehicles used under severe driving conditions such as extreme temperatures, extreme dust/debris conditions, or frequent use with maximum load.

To access the powertrain for routine maintenance, lift or remove the seat and remove the rear access panel. For major repair, refer to the appropriate Technician's Repair and Service Manual.

Some service procedures may require the vehicle to be lifted. Refer to LIFTING THE VEHICLE for proper lifting procedure and safety information.

Tire Inspection

Tire condition should be inspected per the Periodic Service Schedule (Ref. Fig 1 on page 49). Inflation pressures should be checked when the tires are cool. Be sure to install the valve dust cap after checking or inflating.

Brakes



To reduce the possibility of severe injury or death, always evaluate pedal travel before operating a vehicle to verify some braking function is present.

All driving brake tests must be done in a safe location with regard for the safety of all personnel.

NOTICE

Over time, a subtle loss of performance may take place; therefore, it is important to establish the standard with a new vehicle.

The Periodic Brake Performance Test should be performed regularly as an evaluation of braking system performance. It is useful as a method of identifying subtle loss of performance over time.

PERIODIC BRAKE TEST FOR MECHANICAL BRAKES

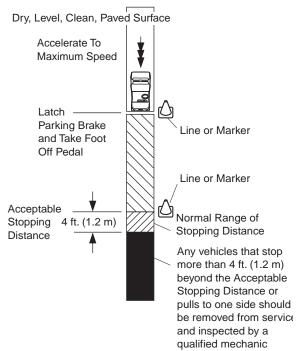
The purpose of this test is to compare the braking performance of the vehicle to the braking performance of new or 'known to be good' vehicles or to an established acceptable stopping distance. Actual stopping distances will be influenced by weather conditions, terrain, road surface condition, actual vehicle weight (accessories installed) and vehicle speed. No specific braking distance can be reliably specified. The test is conducted by latching the park brake to eliminate different pedal pressures and to include the affects of linkage mis-adjustment.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Establish the acceptable stopping distance by testing a new or 'known to be good' vehicle and recording the stopping location or stopping distance. Several vehicles should be tested when new and the range of stopping locations or distances recorded.

Drive the vehicle at maximum speed on a flat, dry, clean, paved surface. Quickly depress the brake pedal to latch the parking brake at the line or marker in the test area and remove foot from pedal. The vehicle should stop aggressively. The wheel brakes may or may not lock. Observe the vehicle stopping location or measure the vehicle stopping distance from the point at which the brakes were latched. The vehicle should stop within the 'normal' range of stopping distances. If the vehicle stops more than 4 ft. (1.2 m) beyond the acceptable stopping distance or pulls to one side, the vehicle has failed the test and should be tested again.

If the vehicle fails the second test, it should **immediately** be removed from service. The vehicle **must** be inspected by a qualified mechanic who should refer to the TROUBLE SHOOTING section in the Technician's Repair and Service Manual.



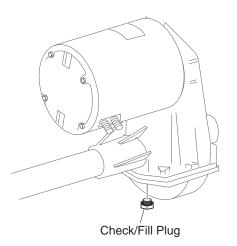
Typical Brake Performanace Test

Rear Axle

The only maintenance required for the first five years is the periodic inspection of the rear axle for lubricant leakage. Unless leakage is evident, the lubricant need only be replaced after five years. Refer to the Service and Repair Manual for the fluid replacement procedure.

CHECKING THE LUBRICANT LEVEL

Clean the area around the check/fill plug and remove plug. The correct lubricant level is just below the bottom of the threaded hole. If lubricant is low, add lubricant as required. Add lubricant slowly until lubricant starts to seep from the hole. Install the check/fill plug. In the event that the lubricant is to be replaced, the oil pan must be removed or the oil siphoned through the check/fill hole.



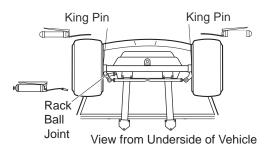
Owner's Guide

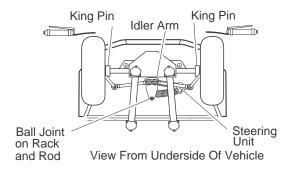
LUBRICATION

A CAUTION

Do not use more than three (3) pumps of grease in any grease fitting at any one time. Excess grease may cause grease seals to fail or grease migration into areas that could damage components.

Lubrication Points





Putting more than three pumps of grease in a grease fitting could damage grease seals and cause premature bearing failure.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

HARDWARE

		his chart sp	otherwise no ecifies 'lubri	oted in text, cated' torqu	e figures. F	ardware in a	accordance at are plated	l or lubricate		S.
BOLT SIZE	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	7/16"	1/2"	9/16"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"
Grade 2	4 (5)	8 (11)	15 (20)	24 (33)	35 (47)	55 (75)	75 (102)	130 (176)	125 (169)	190 (258)
Grade 5	6 (8)	13 (18)	23 (31)	35 (47)	55 (75)	80 (108)	110 (149)	200 (271)	320 (434)	480 (651)
Grade 8	6 (8)	18 (24)	35 (47)	55 (75)	80 (108)	110 (149)	170 (230)	280 (380)	460 (624)	680 (922)
BOLT SIZE	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12	M14			
Class 5.8 (Grade 2) 5.8	1 (2)	2 (3)	4 (6)	10 (14)	20 (27)	35 (47)	55 (76.4)			
Class 8.8 (Grade 5) 8.8	2 (3)	4 (6)	7 (10)	18 (24)	35 (47)	61 (83)	97 (131)			
Class 10.9 (Grade 8)	3 (4)	6 (8)	10 (14)	25 (34)	49 (66)	86 (117)	136 (184)			

Torque Specifications and Bolt Grades

Periodically, the vehicle should be inspected for loose fasteners. Fasteners should be tightened in accordance with the Torque Specifications table.

Use care when tightening fasteners and refer to the Technician's Repair and Service Manual for specific torque values.

Generally, three classes of standard hardware and two classes of metric hardware are used in the vehicle. Grade 5 hardware can be identified by the three marks on the hexagonal head and grade 8 hardware is identified by 6 marks on the head. Metric hardware is marked on the head with 8.8 or 10.9. Unmarked hardware is Grade 2.

PERIODIC SERVICE SCHEDULE

3 Check © Clean, Adjust, etc.	s Replace
tive or see the Repair and Service I	this schedule but not described in this manual, contact a local Service Representa- Manual for this vehicle.
NOTE: Some maintenance items mus	st be serviced more frequently on vehicles used under severe driving conditions
DAILY	
DAILI	BEFORE USE:
	3 Check service brake general operation
	3 Check park brake function
	3 Check warning device function in reverse
	3 Check tire condition
	3 Check overall vehicle condition
	© Recharge batteries to full state of charge after each day's use
	3 Inspect charger connector and receptacle at each charge
WEEKLY	
TIRES	3 Examine for cuts, excessive wear and pressure
WHEELS	(See GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS) 3 Check for bent rims, missing or loose lug nuts
WHILLES	5 Officer for bent fills, fillssing of foose fug fluts
MONTHLY - 20	HOURS (includes items listed in previous table & the following)
BATTERIES	© Clean batteries & terminals. See BATTERY CLEANING.
BALLERIES	3 Check charge condition and all connections
WIRING	3 Check all wiring for loose connections and broken/missing insulation
CHARGER / RECEPTACLE	© Clean connections, keep receptacles free of dirt and foreign matter
ACCELERATOR	3 Check for smooth movement
SERVICE BRAKE (MECHANICAL BRAKES)	3 Conduct brake performance test
(HYDRAULIC BRAKES) PARK BRAKE	3 Check brake performance and adjust if required
DIRECTION SELECTOR	3 Check attachment, tighten if required
STEERING ASSEMBLY	3 Check for abnormal play, tightness of all hardware
TIE ROD/LINKAGES	3 Check for excessive play, bent components or loose connections
CONTROLLER	3 Check for Controller braking force for proper operation of system
REAR AXLE	3 Check for leakage, add SAE 30 oil as required
OLIAPTEDI V - A	50 HOURS (includes items listed in previous tables & the following)
FRONT AXLE	3 Check for damage to axle and loose or missing hardware
FRONT SHOCK ABSORBERS	3 Check for oil leakage and loose fasteners
FRONT SPRINGS	3 Check for loose hardware, cracks at attachments
FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT	3 Check for unusual tire wear, align if required
	3 Check for bent/binding linkage rod
PARK BRAKE	3 Check for damage or wear to latch arm or catch bracket
	© Lubricate as required, use light oil. DO NOT LUBRICATE CABLES OR BRAKE LATCH
REAR SHOCK ABSORBERS	3 Check for oil leakage, loose mounting hardware
HARDWARE AND FASTENERS	3 Check for loose or missing hardware and components
HANDWANE AND FASTENERS	© Tighten or replace missing hardware
SEMI-ANNUAL	- 125 HOURS (includes items listed in previous tables & the following)
DIRECTION SELECTOR	3 Check for wear and smooth movement (lubricate shaft with light oil if required)
DIVEOLION OFFEOIOL	S Chook for wear and smooth movement (labilitate shall with light oil if required)

Fig. 1 Periodic Service Schedule

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

KING PINS	3 Check for excessive play and tightness of retaining nuts	
STEERING ASSEMBLY	3 Check bellows and pinion seal for damage or grease leakage	
RACK END BALL JOINT	© Lubricate, use wheel bearing grease	
REAR AXLE	3 Check for unusual noise and loose or missing mounting hardware	
ANNUAL - 250-300 HOURS (includes items listed in previous tables & the following)		
ANNUAL - 250-3	300 HOURS (includes items listed in previous tables & the following)	
ANNUAL - 250-3 FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS	300 HOURS (includes items listed in previous tables & the following) 3 Check and adjust as required, see Technician's Repair and Service Manual	
FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS	3 Check and adjust as required, see Technician's Repair and Service Manual	
FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS REAR AXLE	3 Check and adjust as required, see Technician's Repair and Service Manual 3 Check lubricant, add lubricant (SAE 30 oil) as required	

Fig. 1 Periodic Service Schedule

BATTERY CHARGING AND MAINTENANCE

Safety

Always observe the following warnings when working on or near batteries.



To prevent battery explosion that could result in severe personal injury or death, keep all smoking materials, open flames or sparks away from the batteries.

Hydrogen gas is formed when charging batteries. Do not charge batteries without adequate ventilation. A 4% concentration of hydrogen gas is explosive.

Be sure that the key switch is off and all electrical accessories are turned off before starting work on the vehicle.

Never disconnect a circuit under load at a battery terminal.



Batteries are heavy. Use proper lifting techniques when moving them.
Always lift the battery with a commercially available battery lifting device.
Use care not to tip batteries when removing or installing them; spilled electrolyte can cause burns and damage.

The electrolyte in a storage battery is an acid solution which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes. Treat all electrolyte spills to the body and eyes with extended flushing with clear water. Contact a physician immediately.



Always wear a safety shield or approved safety goggles when adding water or charging batteries.

Any electrolyte spills should be neutralized with a solution of 1/4 cup (60 ml) sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) dissolved in 1 1/2 gallons (6 liters) of water and flushed with water.

Overfilling batteries may result in electrolyte being spilled from the battery during the charge cycle. Expelled electrolyte may cause damage to the vehicle and storage facility.

Aerosol containers of battery terminal protectant must be used with extreme care. Insulate metal container to prevent can from contacting battery terminals which could result in an explosion.

Page 60 Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.



Wrap wrenches with vinyl tape to prevent the possibility of a dropped wrench from 'shorting out' a battery, which could result in an explosion and severe personal injury or death.

Battery

A battery is defined as two dissimilar metals immersed in an acid. If the acid is absent or if the metals are not dissimilar, a battery has not been created. The batteries most commonly used in these vehicles are lead acid.

A battery does not store electricity, but is able to produce electricity as the result of a chemical reaction which releases stored chemical energy in the form of electrical energy. The chemical reaction takes place faster in warm conditions and slower in cold conditions. Temperature is important when conducting tests on a battery and test results must be corrected to compensate for temperature differences.

As a battery ages, it still performs adequately except that its **capacity** is diminished. Capacity describes the time that a battery can continue to provide its design amperes from a full charge.

A battery has a maximum life, therefore good maintenance is designed to maximize the **available** life and reduce the factors that can reduce the life of the battery.

BATTERY MAINTENANCE

Tool List	Qty
Insulated Wrench, 9/16"	1
Battery Carrier	1
Hydrometer	
Pattery Maintenance Kit P/N 25587-G01	1

At Each Charging Cycle



To reduce the possibility of fire, never attach a battery charger to a vehicle that is to be unattended beyond the normal charging cycle. Overcharging could cause damage to the vehicle batteries and result in extreme overheating. The charger should be checked after 24 hours and unplugged after the charge cycle is complete.

Before charging the batteries, inspect the plug of the battery charger and vehicle receptacle housing for dirt or debris. Charge the batteries after each day's use.

Monthly

- Inspect all wiring for fraying, loose terminations, corrosion or deterioration of insulation.
- Check that the electrolyte level is correct and add suitable water as required.
- Clean the batteries and wire terminations.
- Coat battery terminals with commercially available protectant.

Electrolyte Level and Water

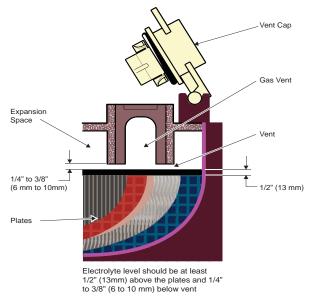
The correct level of the electrolyte is 1/2" (13 mm) above the plates in each cell.

This level will leave approximately 1/4" - 3/8" (6 - 10 mm) of space between the electrolyte and the vent tube. The electrolyte level is important since any portion of the plates exposed to air will be ruined beyond repair. Also avoid filling with too much water, which will result in electrolyte being forced out of the battery due to gassing and a decrease in volume of the electrolyte that results from the charging cycle.

A CAUTION

DO NOT overfill batteries. The charging cycle will expel electrolyte and result in component damage.

A battery being charged will 'gas' with the majority of the gssing taking place at the end of the charging cycle. This gas is hydrogen with is lighter than air. Water and sulphuric acid droplets will be carried out of the battery vents by the hydrogen gas, however, this loss is minimal. If the battery electrolyte level is too high, the electrolyte will block the vent tube and the gas will force it out of the vent tube and battery cap. The water will evaporate but the sulphuric acid will remain where it can damage vehicle components and the storage facility floor. Sulphuric acid loss will weaken the concentration of acid within the electrolyte and reduce the life of the battery.



Correct Electrolyte Level

Over the life of the battery, a considerable amount of water is consumed. It is important that the water used be pure and free of contaminants that could reduce the life of the battery by reducing the chemical reaction. The water must be distilled or purified by an efficient filtration system. Water that is not distilled should be analyzed and, if required, filtration installed to permit the water to meet the requirements of the water purity table.

Impurity	Parts Per Million
Color	Clear
Suspended	Trace
Total Solids	
Calcium & Magnesium Oxides	40
Iron	5
Ammonia	8
Organic & Volatile Matter	50
Nitrites	5
Nitrates	10
Chloride	5

Water Purity Table

Even if the water is colorless, odorless, tasteless and fit for drinking, the water should be analyzed to see that it does not exceed the impurity levels specified in the table.

Owner's Guide

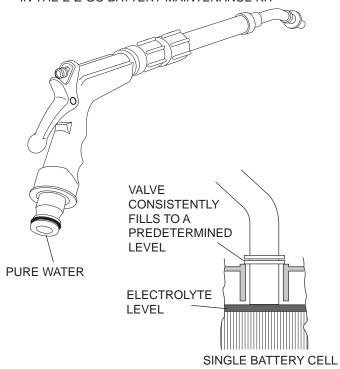
Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Automatic watering devices such as the one included in the Battery Maintenance Kit (P/N 25587-G01) can be used with an approved water source. These watering devices are accurate, easy to use and allow for rapid filling. They also maintain the correct electrolyte level within the battery cells.

NOTICE

The watering device should only be used if the electrolyte level is less than 1/2" (13 mm) above top of plates.

WATERING GUN SIMILAR TO THE TYPE INCLUDED IN THE E-Z-GO BATTERY MAINTENANCE KIT



Automatic Watering Gun



The electrolyte in a storage battery is an acid solution which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes. Treat all electrolyte spills to the body and eyes with extended flushing with clear water. Contact a physician immediately.



Any electrolyte spills should be neutralized with a solution of 1/4 cup (60 ml) sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) dissolved in 1 1/2 gallons (6 liters) of water and flushed with water.

Always wear a safety shield or approved safety goggles when adding water or charging batteries.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Battery Cleaning

A CAUTION

To prevent battery damage, be sure that all battery caps are tightly installed.

To reduce the possibility of damage to vehicle or floor, neutralize acid before rinsing battery.

To reduce the possibility of damage to electrical components while cleaning, do not use a pressure washer.

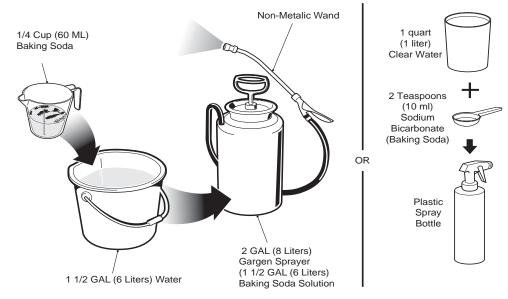
Cleaning should take place per the Periodic Service Schedule.(Ref. Fig 1 on page 49).

When cleaning the outside of the batteries and terminals, do not use a water hose without first spraying the batteries with a solution of baking soda (sodium bicarbonate) and water to neutralize any acid deposits. Use of a water hose without first neutralizing the acid will move the acid from the top of the batteries to another area of the vehicle or storage facility, where it will attack the metal structure or the concrete/asphalt floor. After hosing down the batteries, a residue will be left on the batteries which is conductive and will contribute to the discharge of the batteries.

The correct cleaning technique is to spray the top and sides of the batteries with a solution of baking soda and water. This solution is best applied with a garden-type sprayer equipped with a non-metallic spray wand or plastic spray bottle. The solution should consist of 1/4 cup (60 ml) of baking soda mixed with 1 1/2 gallons (6 litres) of clear water. In addition to the batteries special attention should be paid to metallic components adjacent to the batteries, these should also be sprayed with the baking soda solution.

Allow the solution to set for at least three minutes; use a soft bristle brush or cloth to wipe the tops of the batteries in order to remove any residue that could cause the self-discharge of the battery. Rinse the entire area with low pressure clear water. All of the items required for complete battery cleaning and watering are contained in the Battery Maintenance Kit (P/N 25587-G01).

Cleaning should take place once a month or more often under extreme conditions. After batteries are clean and dry, the terminals should be coated with a commercially available protectant. Aerosol containers of battery terminal protectant must be used with extreme care. Insulate the metal container to prevent the can from contacting the battery terminals.



Preparing Acid Neutralizing Solution

Battery Replacement



Before any electrical service is performed on TruCourse technology model vehicles, the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch must be placed in the 'Tow/Maintenance' position.

If a power wire (battery, motor or controller) is disconnected for any reason, the Run-Tow/Maintenance switch must be left in the 'Tow/Maintenance' position for at least 30 seconds after the circuit is restored.

Remove battery hold downs and cables. Lift out batteries with a commercially available lifting device.

If the batteries have been cleaned and any acid in the battery rack area neutralized as recommended, no corrosion to the battery racks or surrounding area should be present. Any corrosion found should be immediately removed with a putty knife and a wire brush. The area should be washed with a solution of sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) and water and thoroughly dried before priming and painting with a corrosion resistant paint.

The batteries should be placed into the battery racks and the battery hold downs tightened to 45 - 55 in. lbs. (5 - 6 Nm) torque, to prevent movement but not tight enough to cause distortion of the battery cases.

Inspect all wires and terminals. Clean any corrosion from the battery terminals or the wire terminals with a solution of sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) and brush clean if required.

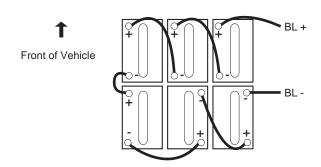


To prevent battery explosion that could result in severe personal injury or death, extreme care must be used with aerosol containers of battery terminal protectant. Insulate the metal container to prevent the metal can from contacting battery terminals which could result in an explosion.

Use care to connect the battery wires as shown.

Tighten the battery post hardware to 90 - 100 in. lbs. (6 -8 Nm) torque. Do not over-torque the terminal stud nut, this will cause a "mushroom" effect on the battery post which will prevent the terminal nut from being properly tightened. Protect the battery terminals and battery wire terminals with a commercially available coating.

Protect the battery terminals and battery wire terminals with a commercially available coating.



BATTERY CHARGING

The battery charger is designed to fully charge the battery set. If the batteries are severely deep cycled, some automatic battery chargers contain an electronic module that may not activate and the battery charger will not function. Automatic chargers will determine the correct duration of charge to the battery set and will shut off when the battery set is fully charged. Always refer to the instructions of the specific charger used.

Before charging, the following should be observed:



Do not overfill batteries. The charging cycle will expel electrolyte and result in component damage.

• The electrolyte level in all cells must be at the recommended level and cover the plates.

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

- The charging must take place in an area that is well ventilated and capable of removing the hydrogen gas that is generated by the charging process. A **minimum** of five air exchanges per hour is recommended.
- The charging connector components must be in good condition and free from dirt or debris.
- The charger connector must be fully inserted into the vehicle receptacle.
- The charger connector/cord set is protected from damage and is located in an area to prevent injury that may result from personnel running over or tripping over the cord set.
- The charger is automatically turned off during the connect/disconnect cycle and therefore no electrical arc is generated at the DC plug/receptacle contacts.

AC VOLTAGE

Battery charger output is directly related to the input voltage. If multiple vehicles are receiving an incomplete charge in a normally adequate time period, low AC voltage could be the cause and the power company should be consulted.

NOTICE

In **some** portable chargers, there will be a rattle present in the body of the charger DC plug. This rattle is caused by an internal magnet contained within the charger plug. The magnet is part of the interlock system that prevents the vehicle from being driven when the charger plug is inserted in the vehicle charging receptacle.

TROUBLESHOOTING

In general, troubleshooting will be done for two distinct reasons. First, a battery that performs poorly and is outside of the manufacturers specification should be identified in order to replace it under the terms of the manufacturer's warranty. Different manufacturers have different requirements. Consult the battery manufacturer or the manufacturer's representative for specific requirements.

The second reason is to determine why a particular vehicle does not perform adequately. Performance problems may result in a vehicle that runs slowly or in a vehicle that is unable to operate for the time required.

A new battery must **mature** before it will develop its maximum capacity. Maturing may take up to 100 charge/discharge cycles. After the maturing phase, the older a battery gets, the lower the capacity. The only way to determine the capacity of a battery is to perform a load test using a discharge machine following manufacturer's recommendations.

A cost effective way to identify a poorly performing battery is to use a hydrometer to identify a battery in a set with a lower than normal specific gravity. Once the particular cell or cells that are the problem are identified, the suspect battery can be removed and replaced. At this point there is nothing that can be done to salvage the battery; however, the individual battery should be replaced with a good battery of the same brand, type and approximate age.

Owner's Guide

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

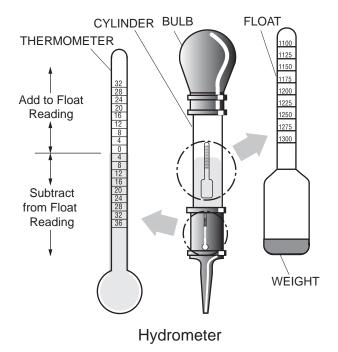
Hydrometer

A hydrometer is used to test the state of charge of a battery cell. This is performed by measuring the density of the electrolyte, which is accomplished by measuring the specific gravity of the electrolyte. The greater the concentration of sulfuric acid, the more dense the electrolyte becomes. The higher the density, the higher the state of charge.



To prevent battery explosion that could result in severe personal injury or death, never insert a metal thermometer into a battery. Use a hydrometer with a built in thermometer that is designed for testing batteries.

Specific gravity is the measurement of a liquid that is compared to a baseline. The baseline is water which is assigned a base number of 1.000. The concentration of sulfuric acid to water in a new golf car battery is 1.280 which means that the electrolyte weighs 1.280 times the weight of the same volume of water. A fully charged battery will test at 1.275 - 1.280 while a discharged battery will read in the 1.140 range.



NOTICE

Do not perform a hydrometer test on a battery that has just been watered. The battery must go through at least one charge and discharge cycle in order to permit the water to adequately mix with the electrolyte.

The temperature of the **electrolyte** is important since the hydrometer reading must be corrected to 80° F (27° C). High quality hydrometers are equipped with an internal thermometer that will measure the temperature of the electrolyte and will include a conversion scale to correct the float reading. It is important to recognize that the electrolyte temperature is significantly different from the ambient temperature if the vehicle has been operated.

Using A Hydrometer

- 1. Draw electrolyte into the hydrometer several times to permit the thermometer to adjust to the electrolyte temperature and note the reading. Examine the color of the electrolyte. A brown or gray coloration indicates a problem with the battery and is a sign that the battery is nearing the end of its life.
- 2. Draw the minimum quantity of electrolyte into the hydrometer to permit the float to float freely without contacting the top or bottom of the cylinder.
- 3. Hold the hydrometer in a vertical position at eye level and note the reading where the electrolyte meets the scale on the float.

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

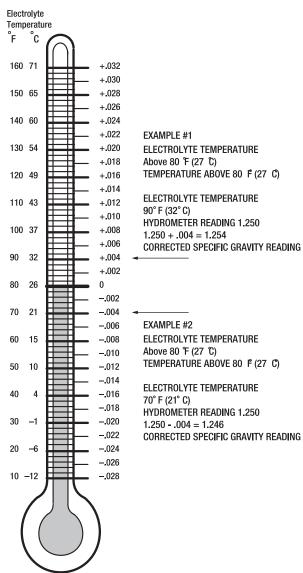
- 4. Add or subtract four points (.004) to the reading for every 10° F (6° C) the electrolyte temperature is above or below 80° F (27° C). Adjust the reading to conform with the electrolyte temperature, e.g., if the reading indicates a specific gravity of 1.250 and the electrolyte temperature is 90° F (32° C), add four points (.004) to the 1.250 which gives a corrected reading of 1.254. Similarly if the temperature was 70° F (21° C), subtract four points (.004) from the 1.250 to give a corrected reading of 1.246.
- Test each cell and note the readings (corrected to 80° F or 27° C). A variation of fifty points between any two cell readings (example 1.250 - 1.200) indicates a problem with the low reading cell(s).

As a battery ages the specific gravity of the electrolyte will decrease at full charge. This is not a reason to replace the battery providing all cells are within fifty points of each other.

Since the hydrometer test is in response to a vehicle exhibiting a performance problem, the vehicle should be recharged and the test repeated. If the results indicate a weak cell, the battery or batteries should be removed and replaced with a good battery of the same brand, type and approximate age.

BATTERY CHARGER MAINTENANCE

Plug charger into vehicle receptacle and wait for relay to turn on. Check to see if charger turns off by moving plug back and forth in receptacle. If charger does turn off, check plug for a broken red wire in DC cord.



Hydrometer Temperature Correction

Owner's Guide

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Prolonged Storage

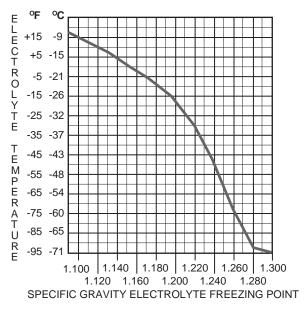
A CAUTION

Battery charger, controller and other electronic devices need to be disconnected since they will contribute to the premature discharge of batteries.

During periods of storage, the batteries will need attention to keep them maintained and prevent discharge.

In high temperatures the chemical reaction is faster, while low temperatures cause the chemical reaction to slow down. A vehicle that is stored at 90° F (32° C) will loose.002 of specific gravity each day. If a fully charged battery has a specific gravity of 1.275, and the battery is allowed to sit unused, it will become partially discharged. When it reaches 1.240, which it will do in less than twenty days, it should be recharged. If a battery is left in a discharged state, sulfating takes place on and within the plates. This condition is not reversible and will cause permanent damage to the battery. In order to prevent damage, the battery should be recharged. A hydrometer (P/N 50900-G1) can be used to determine the specific gravity and therefore the state of charge of a battery.

In winter conditions, the battery must be fully charged to prevent the possibility of freezing. A fully charged battery will not freeze in temperatures above -75° F (-60° C). Although the chemical reaction is slowed in cold temperatures, the battery must be stored fully charged, and disconnected from any circuit that could discharge the battery. For portable chargers, disconnect the charging plug from the vehicle receptacle. For on-board chargers, disconnect the charging harness from the batteries. The batteries must be cleaned and all deposits neutralized and removed from the battery case to



Freezing Point Of Electrolyte

prevent self discharge. The batteries should be tested or recharged at thirty day minimum intervals.

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Page 70 Owner's Guide

REGISTRATION AND WARRANTY



To register your vehicle, go to http://www.ezgo.com/

For warranty information, go to http://www.ezgo.com/

For Genuine E-Z-GO Parts & Accessoreis, contact your local E-Z-GO dealer or visit www.shopezgo.com

REGISTRATION AND WARRANTY

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
-			
-			
-			

Page 72 Owner's Guide

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (EUROPE ONLY)

NOTE: NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Read all of this manual to become thoroughly familiar with this vehicle. Pay particular attention to all Notices, Cautions, Warnings, and Dangers.

Notes:			
-			
-			

Page 74 Owner's Guide



TITLE PAGE NO.

	A
Accelerator Pedal	25
At Each Charging Cycle	61
Axle, Rear	56
	В
Batteries, Cleaning	64
Battery Charging	
BATTERY CHARGING AND MAINTENANCE	60
Battery Compartment	
BATTERY PROLONGED STORAGE	i
BEFORE INITIAL USE	
Brake Pedal	
Brake, Parking	
Braking, Pedal-Up	42
Braking, Regenerative	_
	С
CARE AND VEHICLE CLEANING	
CAUTIONS, WARNINGS, AND DANGERS, NOTICES	3
Charger Receptacle, On-board	
Charger, On-board with DC to DC Converter	
Charger, Understanding	
CHARGING AND MAINTENANCE, BATTERY	60
Charging, Battery	
Cleaning Batteries	64
Coasting	44
Cup Holder	_
	D
Direction Selector. Key Switch	
OC to DC Converter, On-board Charger	
Disable Feature, High Pedal	
Oriving, Starting	43
	E
Electrolyte Level and Water	61
,	F
Feature, High Pedal Disable	
FEATURES	



TITLE PAGE NO.

GENERAL	39
General Information	24
GENERAL OPERATION	5
Glove Box	27
Grab Handle - Front Passenger	27
н	
Handles, Grab - Front Passenger	27
Hardware	
Hauling	54
Headlight Switch	25
High Pedal Disable Feature	43
Hip Restraint	25
Holder, Cup	27
Horn	25
ı	
Information, General	24
INITIAL USE, BEFORE	33
Inspection, Tire	55
Installation, Wheel	
К	
Key Switch/Headlight Switch	25
-	
LABELS AND PICTOGRAMS	
Labels and Pictograms	
Level and Water, Electrolyte	
Lifting the Vehicle	50
М	
Maintenance Instructions	37
MAINTENANCE, BATTERY CHARGING	
MAINTENANCE, ROUTINE	
MAINTENANCE, SERVICE	
Meter, State of Charge	
Mirror, Rear View	
Monthly	01
NOTICES, CAUTIONS, WARNINGS, AND DANGERS	3
0	
On-board Charger with DC to DC Converter	27
On-board Charger Receptacle	27
OPERATING THE VEHICLE	38
OPERATION, GENERAL	



TITLE PAGE NO.

Р	
Park Brake	25
Pedal Disable Feature, High	43
Pedal, Accelerator	25
Pedal, Brake	25
Pedal-Up Braking	42
PERIODIC SERVICE SCHEDULE	59
PICTOGRAMS, LABELS	12
Prolonged Storage	69
R	
Rear Axle	
Receptacle, On-board Charger	
Regenerative Braking	41
REGISTRATION AND WARRANTY	71
REPAIR	50
Restraint, Hip	25
ROUTINE MAINTENANCE	55
Run/Tow Switch	27
S	
SAFETY	
SCHEDULE, PERIODIC SERVICE	
Selector Direction	
SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION	
SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE	54
Starting and Driving	43
Starting Vehicle on a Hill	43
State of Charge Meter	
Steering Wheel	27
Storage, Prolonged	69
Switch, Headlight	25
Switch, Run/Tow	27
Switch, Key	
Tire Inspection	55
Tire Repair	
TIRES, WHEELS	
Top and Windshield	
Tow Switch, Run	
TRANSPORTING VEHICLE	



TITLE	PAGE NO

THEE	IAGLING
U	
Understanding the Charger	36
USE, BEFORE INITIAL	33
V	
Vehicle Cleaning	49
VEHICLE CLEANING AND CARE	49
Vehicle on a Hill, Starting	43
Vehicle, Lifting	50
VEHICLE, OPERATING	38
VEHICLE, TRANSPORTING	53
VENTILATION	6
W	
WARNINGS, AND DANGERS, NOTICES, CAUTIONS	3
WARRANTY, REGISTRATION AND	71
Water, Electrolyte Level and	61
Wheel Installation	52
Wheel, Steering	27
WHEELS AND TIRES	51
Windshield, Top	44



Notes:



E-Z-GO Division of Textron, Inc.,

1451 Marvin Griffin Road, Augusta, Georgia USA 30906-3852

TO CONTACT US...
North America:

Technical Assistance & Warranty Phone: 1-800-774-3946, FAX: 1-800-448-8124

Service Parts Phone: 1-888-GET-E-Z-GO (1-888-438-3946), FAX: 1-800-752-6175

International: Phone: 001-706-798-4311, FAX: 001-706-771-4609



Copyrighted Material
This manual may not be reproduced in whole or
in part without the express permission of
E-Z-GO Division of Textron, Inc.
Technical Communications Department